EN

## **EUROPEAN COMMISSION**



Brussels, 04.03.2011 SEC(2011) 299 final

# COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

Consumer Conditions Scoreboard – Consumers at home in the single market Monitoring the integration of the retail single market and consumer conditions in the Member States

SUMMARY	3
INTEGRATION OF THE RETAIL SINGLE MARKET	7
Cross-border Business to Consumer trade	
Levels of cross-border transactions reported by consumers and retailers	7
E-commerce	9
Consumers confidence and attitudes towards shopping in home country and cross-border	13
Obstacles to cross-border shopping	15
Complaints, redress and enforcement cross-border	15
Analysis by sector and sales method	16
Analysis by country	
Introduction	19
Consumer Conditions Index	21
Enforcement in the Member States	23
Consumers' and retailers' opinions on enforcement	
National enforcement indicators	31
Consumer Complaints	37
Alternative dispute resolution	38
Consumer affordability	41
Country Consumer Statistics	45
ANNEX: LIST OF FIGURES	101

#### COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

Consumer Conditions Scoreboard – Consumers at home in the single market Monitoring the integration of the retail single market and consumer conditions in the Member States

## **SUMMARY**

- 1. The purpose of the Consumer Scoreboards is to identify whether consumer markets are working for consumers, to track the integration of the retail single market and to monitor national consumer conditions. The Scoreboard contributes to monitoring the commitment made by President Barroso "...to ensure that the benefits of the single market get through to the final consumer!" and to the implementation of the consumer part of Guideline 6 of the EU 2020 integrated guidelines on improving the business and consumer environment "Member States should ensure that markets work for citizens, consumers and businesses. While ensuring the protection of consumers, Member States and the Union should ... ensure well-functioning, open and competitive goods and services markets. "2. The Commission's Annual Growth Survey Report on EU2020 progress also identified consumer conditions among the "growth drivers or framework conditions to growth"<sup>3</sup>.
- 2. Well-functioning consumer markets in Member States with favourable consumer conditions therefore play an important part in meeting the EU 2020 strategy goals of higher growth, employment, productivity and social cohesion. Given the importance of consumer expenditure (56% of GDP) in the economy, small improvements in consumer conditions in the single market can have significant benefits. Empowered consumers, who understand the more complex choices they face, will reward efficient, innovative businesses, thereby sharpening competition and stimulating innovation. Effective enforcement of consumer rights and easy access to redress will sustain consumer confidence.
- 3. President Barroso, in his political guidelines, highlighted the role of consumers in the integration of the single market: "Europeans should not be held back from shopping across borders by concerns that their rights will not be protected properly: we need an active consumer policy to give people confidence to participate fully in the single market." The communication on the Annual Growth Survey also noted that "Barriers to market entry and obstacles to entrepreneurship remain acute in the single market... only 7% of consumers buy on-line because of the numerous restrictions which prevent the development of cross-border on-line sales". The EU Citizenship Report 2010 "Dismantling the obstacles to EU citizens' rights" identified the fragmentation of consumer protection rules, the lack of awareness about redress and insufficient means of redress as obstacles for citizens. Cross-border transactions, especially through e-

Political guidelines for the next Commission - José Manuel Barroso, 2009, page 29

Council 11646/10, page 20 - http://register.consilium.europa.eu/pdf/en/10/st11/st11646.en10.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> COM(2011) 11 final – Annex I, page 12

<sup>4</sup> Idem footnote 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> COM(2011) 11 final, page 7

<sup>6</sup> COM(2010) 603 final of 27.10.2010

- commerce, therefore provide a key measure of the integration of the single market from a consumer point of view and are one of the Digital Agenda targets.
- 4. The European Parliament has endorsed the Scoreboard and called for its enhancement. The Commission was encouraged "to carry out in-depth analyses of all problematic sectors identified in the Scoreboard". Stakeholders such as national statistical offices and Member States were also encouraged to contribute.
- 5. The Consumer Scoreboard is published twice per year. The spring Consumer Conditions Scoreboard monitors consumer conditions in EU Member States and tracks the integration of the retail single market. The autumn Consumer Markets Scoreboard monitors 50 consumer markets in order to identify those at risk of malfunctioning from a consumer point of view. In-depth market studies are launched to analyse problems and to identify solutions. The latest edition of the Consumer Markets Scoreboard (4<sup>th</sup>) was published in October 2010<sup>8</sup>.
- 6. The Consumer Conditions Scoreboard shows that while e-commerce continued to grow in domestic markets in 2010, there was very little progress in cross-border e-commerce. Despite an initial lack of confidence, consumer uncertainty appears to evaporate once consumers have made a cross-border purchase. Consumers in some smaller Member States have already embraced cross-border shopping. Effective consumer information and enforcement networks are in place to address the concerns of consumers about cross-border fraud or seeking assistance if problems occur, although more work is needed to make redress work cross-border. The challenge remains two-fold: to convince the growing number of consumers who shop online domestically to try cross-border online shopping and to convince retailers to sell cross-border. The evidence suggests that this latter issue remains a significant obstacle. The proportion of retailers selling cross-border decreased to 22% in 2010 from 25% in 2009.
- 7. Consumers still face very different conditions across the EU. Existing consumer measures are considered adequate by 4 out of 5 consumers in countries like the UK and Ireland while in countries like Bulgaria and Greece less than a third of consumers share this view. Trust in the national authorities dealing with consumer affairs also varies widely.
- 8. The country reports in the Scoreboard give a detailed picture of where national reform programmes could focus to improve consumer conditions to make the market work for consumers. For example, the quality of enforcement regimes is crucial for the good functioning of national markets and for maintaining consumer confidence in the single market. Effective redress is also identified in the recent communication 'Towards the Single Market Act'9 and the EU Citizenship Report 2010 as an essential component in addressing the existing fragmentation. Vibrant independent consumer organisations are needed to identify market problems and carry out vital comparative testing of products, thereby helping to focus competition on quality and innovation as well as price. Indicators of consumer empowerment show whether consumers are sufficiently informed and educated to play their vital market role.
- 9. The Consumer Conditions Index, at the heart of this Scoreboard, shows that conditions have re-bounded from the sharp falls in 2009, with most Member States returning to or

-

European Parliament resolution of 9 March 2010 on consumer protection - P7 TA(2010)0046

<sup>8</sup> SEC(2010)1257 - http://ec.europa.eu/consumers/strategy/facts\_en.htm#4CMS

<sup>9</sup> COM(2010) 608 final, page 32

- exceeding 2008 levels. The index will continue to be the key measure for the European Institutions, national policymakers and stakeholders to benchmark national consumer policy at a time of increasing pressure on national budgets. Confidence in the single market depends, to some extent, on each Member State fulfilling its responsibilities to protect consumers, notably in relation to product safety.
- 10. There continues to be a worrying level of overconfidence among EU retailers about their knowledge of consumer economic legislation which is not confirmed by their answers to specific questions. Effective trader education about their obligations remains an essential part of the enforcement of consumer laws. Although, at EU level, 82% of retailers considered themselves to be well informed about consumer legislation, only 28% of distance retailers were able to correctly indicate the length of cooling-off periods for distance sales and only 26% of retailers knew the legal requirements for returning defective products. More encouragingly, retailers of food and non-food products showed themselves to be well aware of their responsibilities for product safety.
- 11. Data collected by the Member States on the work of national authorities responsible for economic and product safety enforcement help identify the strengths and weaknesses in enforcement across Europe. The quality of the data has improved compared to the previous Scoreboard but it remains difficult to draw very robust conclusions. The Commission services will therefore prepare a comprehensive overview and analysis of the data collected in the two consecutive years which will serve as basis for the further development of the enforcement indicators.
- 12. Complaints and complaint handling are a crucial aspect of good market functioning. If consumers do not complain when they experience a problem, redress is denied to them and valuable feedback is lost by the business. It is therefore disappointing that about a quarter of citizens do not complain when they have a problem. Similarly, poor complaint handling by companies is both a source of harm to consumers and a missed opportunity to reinforce consumer loyalty. In line with previous years, only half of those consumers who complain to companies are satisfied with the result.
- 13. European consumers prefer to use alternative dispute resolution mechanisms (ADR) to obtain redress rather than go to court. In particular, 48% of EU consumers think that it is easy to resolve disputes through ADR mechanisms compared to 33% for the courts. However, although more than half of retailers are aware of the existence of ADR mechanisms, only 10% have used them. The Commission will adopt a proposal to address these issues in 2011.
- 14. The economic crisis had a negative impact on consumers in 2009. In the EU and in each Member State except Poland, the economic recession led in 2009 to a sharp contraction in GDP and in private consumption spending to a lesser extent. The ability of consumers to afford the same goods and services across the EU, despite the integrating effect of the single market on prices and income, remained significantly different, giving a clear indication of the scale of the challenge to integrate EU economies and bring about a high level of consumer economic conditions across the single market. The plight of the most vulnerable consumers did not overall dramatically worsen in 2009, although there is cause for concern. In some Member States where there are already significant numbers of economically vulnerable consumers, their number increased over the period.

- 15. The findings of this edition of the Scoreboard in relation to consumer conditions could be useful for Member States in preparing those parts of their national reform programmes that relate to consumer conditions. The findings in relation to the integration of the single market will feed into the development of the Single Market Act and to the monitoring of progress on Digital Agenda goals. The results will be discussed with EU and national policymakers and stakeholders.
- 16. The Scoreboard will also be disseminated to target audiences in the Member States, especially civil society organisations such as representatives of business and consumers, in order to encourage national authorities to tackle the gaps revealed in the functioning of the single market and in the effective protection of consumers.

## INTEGRATION OF THE RETAIL SINGLE MARKET

17. The communication "Towards a Single Market Act" and the Digital Agenda underlined that the significant fragmentation of online markets in Europe prevents consumers from getting the benefits of the single market. The digital agenda set ambitious goals for addressing these problems. By 2015, 50% of all consumers should be buying online and 20% cross-border online. This part of the Scoreboard monitors progress towards these goals but also reports in more detail on the underlying issues that drive progress in this area. The monitoring of EU cross-border e-commerce, which is carried out in the Scoreboard, is supported by industry organisations, such as Digital Europe 12.

### Cross-border Business to Consumer trade

# Levels of cross-border transactions reported by consumers and retailers

18. The level of cross-border transactions measures the extent to which retailers and consumers buy and sell cross-border, mostly when travelling abroad, less so through distance sales channels (i.e. Internet, phone and post). The proportion of EU citizens shopping cross-border continues to increase consistently. In the past 12 months 30% of the consumers made at least one cross-border purchase. In comparison, in 2006<sup>13</sup>, 2008 and 2009 26%, 25% and 29% of the consumers, respectively, bought something from another EU country. However, the average value of cross-border distance transactions also decreased compared to 2008 and 2009. In 2010 consumers reported making cross-border purchases worth 653 Euro on average (compared to 785 in 2009 and 797 in 2008). This may be a reflection of the more difficult economic conditions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> COM(2010) 608 final

<sup>11</sup> COM(2010) 245 final

Digital Europe - The Digital Single Market: Reinvigorating the EU Single Market

The 2006 results, presented in the *Special Eurobarometer 252: Consumer protection in the Single market*, were for EU 25.

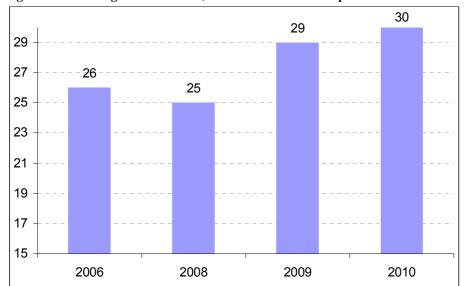


Figure 1: Percentage of consumers, at least 1 cross-border purchase

Sources: EB 299, EB 298, EB 282 and EB 252

19. While more consumers are willing to shop cross-border, retailers of goods and services appear to remain still relatively unconvinced of the benefits of selling cross-border (Figure 2).

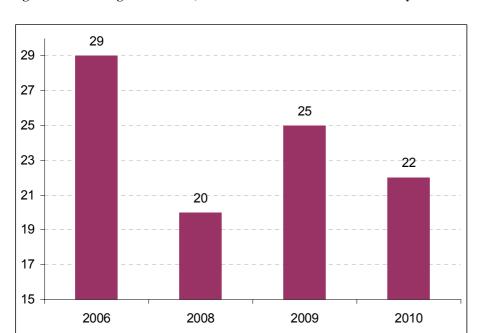


Figure 2: Percentage of retailers, sales to at least one other EU country

Sources: EB300, EB 278, EB 224 and EB 186

20. Retailers face different barriers that impede their ability to sell their products and services cross-border, to final consumers in another country<sup>14</sup>. These barriers range from practical issues (such as language barriers or means of delivery) to legal and fiscal ones.

<sup>14</sup> COM(2009) 557 final - Cross-Border Business to Consumer e-Commerce in the EU

- 21. Retailers appear to have become less inclined to consider cross-border sales if consumer laws were harmonised: 57% think they would continue to only sell domestically compared to 41% who thought so in 2008. Similarly, fewer retailers (who sell cross-border) than in the past thought their cross-border sales would increase if these laws were harmonised (50% vs. 63% in 2006). However, 20% of retailers would expand their cross-border activity to more than 10 EU countries, compared to the 5% who already do so, and 51% of cross-border retailers would be interested in selling their products or services in more than 10 other Member States, compared with 23% currently.
- 22. Half of the retailers selling or interested in cross-border sales were not at all informed about the contract law consumer protection regulations of the countries where they were selling products or services to final consumers<sup>15</sup>. The top obstacle for 40% of retailers trading or wishing to trade cross-border was related to differences in contract law, followed by problems related to tax regulations (for 39%) and the need to adapt to different consumer protection laws across the EU (for 38%). The Commission work programme for 2011 includes a proposal to address contract law related issues in 2011.
- 23. 40% of retailers in the EU selling or interested in selling cross-border expect that the adoption of a single European contract law would increase their cross-border activities. 82% of those companies would expand their sales to additional EU countries. Companies that were only considering becoming involved in cross-border retail would also benefit from the European contract law. 52% of those companies would start cross-border trade as a result of such legislation.

### E-commerce

- 24. Considerable progress is being made towards achieving the domestic e-commerce target of the Digital Agenda. Overall, 40% of EU consumers bought goods and services over the Internet in 2010, compared to 37% in 2009 and 26% in 2006. The use of other distance selling channels continues to decrease in comparison with e-commerce. 21% of consumers bought via post (22% in 2009 and 27% in 2008) and 12% via telephone (14% in 2009 and 15% in 2008). The corresponding figures for retailers confirm that the Internet is the most common distance selling medium. Its use is slightly increased from 51% to 53% while the telephone (43%) and the mail order (29%) have decreased since 2006.
- 25. The gap between the take-up of domestic and cross-border e-commerce continued to widen in 2010. While the level of domestic online shopping has steadily increased since 2006 in line with the increasing take-up of internet and broadband, cross border e-commerce continues to grow at a much slower pace (Figure 3).

-

Flash Eurobarometer 321 – forthcoming

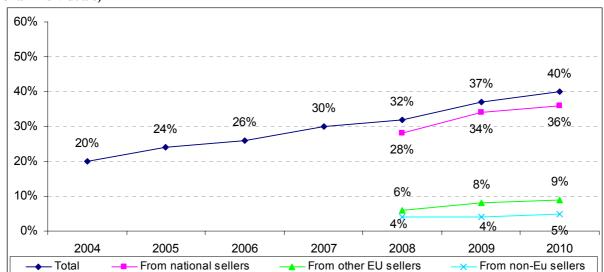


Figure 3: Individuals who ordered goods or services, over the internet for private use, in the EU27 (as % of all individuals)

Sources: Eurostat Community surveys on ICT usage in households and by individuals

26. The picture is even clearer when the habits of internet users, rather than the general population are measured. In 2010, 51% of Internet users purchased goods or services online domestically but only 12% cross-border (Figure 4). Convincing those consumers already accustomed to shopping online domestically to shop across borders remains the key challenge to integrate e-commerce in the EU.

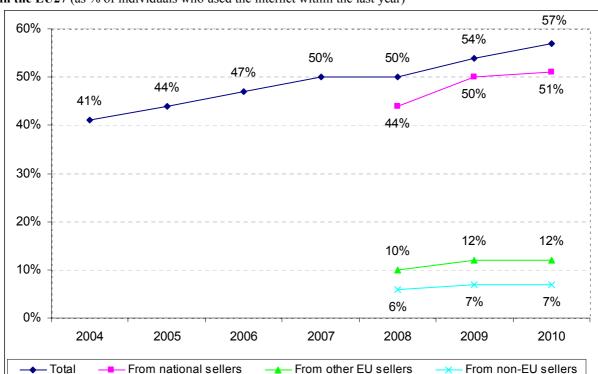


Figure 4: Internet users who ordered goods or services, over the internet, for private use, in the last year, in the EU27 (as % of individuals who used the internet within the last year)

Sources: Eurostat Community surveys on ICT usage in households and by individuals

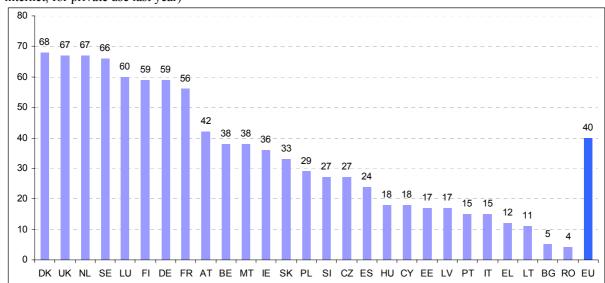


Figure 5: Use of Internet for retail – (2010); (% of individuals who ordered goods or services, over the internet, for private use last year)

Sources: Eurostat Community survey on ICT usage in households and by individuals. 2010

27. National data reveals a considerable potential for e-commerce, as shown by the figures for all consumers who ordered goods or services over the Internet in Denmark (68%), UK and the Netherlands (67%) and Sweden (66%) (Figure 5) and retailers in UK, Ireland, Denmark, Austria, Slovenia and Greece (Figure 6).

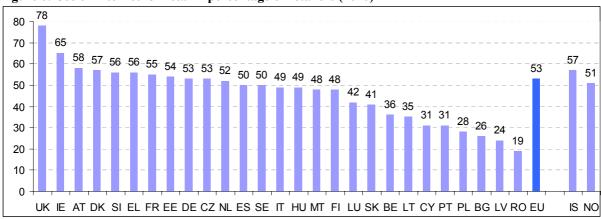


Figure 6: Use of Internet for retail – percentage of retailers (2010)

Sources: EB 300

28. When comparing domestic and cross-border e-commerce at national level, the data also shows that there is a considerable potential to close the gap. The cross-border sales tend to be higher in smaller countries with geographical or linguistic links with larger countries, e.g. Luxembourg, Malta, Cyprus, Austria, and to a lesser degree Belgium. The experience of Luxembourg, Malta, Cyprus and Austria (Figure 7) suggest that consumer concerns towards cross-border shopping can be overcome. The data from internet users (Figure 8) further reinforce this optimism. Retailers still need to be convinced of the merits of cross-border e-commerce. For those retailers who do sell cross-border, the rewards can be significant: 56% estimate more than 10% of their e-commerce turnover came from sales to other EU countries.

Figure 7: Domestic and cross-border internet purchases— % of individuals who ordered goods or services, over the internet, for private use, last year

Sources: Community survey on ICT usage in households and by individuals, 2010

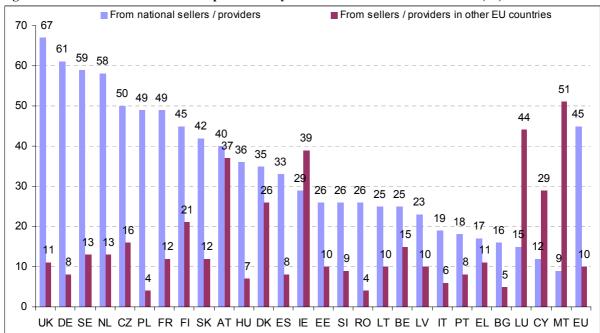


Figure 8: Domestic and cross-border purchases by consumers with internet at home (%)

Sources: EB 299, 2010

29. While the overall picture of cross-border e-commerce did not show significant progress, national trends in certain Member States (Figure 9) again give grounds for optimism.

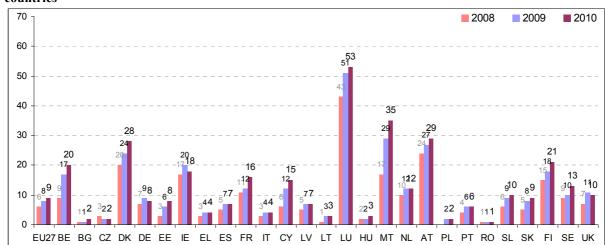


Figure 9: Percentage of individuals who ordered goods or services over the internet from other EU countries

Sources: Community surveys on ICT usage in households and by individuals, 2008-2010

#### Consumers confidence and attitudes towards shopping in home country and cross-border

30. Underlying figures on attitudes to e-commerce in general and cross-border e-commerce in particular suggest an increase in confidence among consumers after buying from abroad. When asked whether they were confident in purchasing online cross-border, 48% of consumers said they were more confident purchasing online domestically and only 33% were equally confident in domestic and cross-border websites. However among consumers with experience of cross-border purchases, 61% were equally confident in cross-border and domestic online shops. This suggests that many concerns can be overcome if consumers can be persuaded to make at least one cross-border purchase.

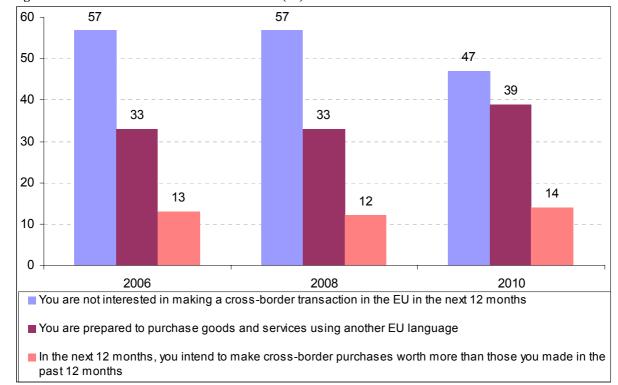


Figure 10: Levels of EU consumers' confidence (%)

Base: all consumers, % EU 27 Sources: EB 299

- 31. Further grounds for optimism is found in the decrease of the percentage of those not interested in making cross-border purchases in the coming year (47% vs. 57% in 2006 and 2008) and in the increase in the percentage of those who speak a foreign language from 33% to 39% compared to 2006. Similarly, a higher percentage of consumers intend to spend more for their cross-border purchases next year (Figure 10).
- 32. A growing share of European consumers is willing to purchase goods and services using a second language. They still form a minority of all consumers (39%), but a majority (71%) of those who have made at least one cross-border purchase. These survey results show that consumers' foreign language skills are a significant factor in their willingness to buy abroad. The retailers, 67% of whom can carry out transactions in one or two languages only, undoubtedly miss out on opportunities to sell to monolingual customers. Although not all businesses will be able to offer a full service in multiple languages in the near future, they should consider the benefits of being prepared for the linguistic diversity of potential customers. In its 2008 Communication on multilingualism<sup>16</sup>, the Commission encouraged businesses to create language management strategies, including the development of staff language skills and the strategic use of translations. In 2011, the European Commission will publish a study on Multilingual Business Practices presenting good practices in such strategies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> COM(2008) 566 final

#### Obstacles to cross-border shopping

33. Concerns about late or no-delivery or fraud are a major factor preventing cross-border ecommerce. 62% of consumers who had not made a cross-border distance purchase said that fears about fraud put them off, 59% cited concerns about what to do if problems arose and 49% were worried about delivery. In addition, 44% agreed that being uncertain about their rights discouraged them from buying goods or services from sellers in other EU countries<sup>17</sup>. However these fears are not so significant for those who had shopped cross-border (34%, 30%, 20% and 26% of whom agreed respectively). Cross-border e-commerce appears to be at least or even *more* reliable than domestic e-commerce in practice: only 16% of cross-border purchases were delayed compared to 18% for domestic purchases. The product did not arrive in 5% of cross-border cases compared to 6% for domestic purchases.

## Complaints, redress and enforcement cross-border

- 34. In the light of concerns about delivery and fraud, informing and reassuring consumers that there are effective mechanisms to deal with cross-border fraud and effective ways to seek assistance and redress if problems arise is fundamental to tackling fragmentation in the single market. Important measures have been put in place at EU level to address the first two of these issues. For example there exists an accelerated European procedure 18 for the enforcement of cross-border claims below EUR 2000 Further work is ongoing on crossborder dispute resolution and redress. The Consumer Protection Cooperation (CPC) Network brings together national authorities and provides support to detect, investigate and stop cross-border collective infringements. The European Consumer Centres (ECC) Network provides information and advice directly to consumers on cross-border shopping and possible complaints and disputes. Both networks have data-gathering systems to monitor progress both in cross-border information and enforcement and in the crossborder market more generally. The National Enforcement Bodies (NEB) networks set up under passenger right regulations handle both domestic and cross-border passenger complaints and can issue sanctions against any infringing carrier regardless of their nationality.
- 35. Figure 11 shows the level of activity in both networks. While there appears to be a greater knowledge among consumers about where to get cross-border information (Figure 12), this does not appear to have been reflected in an increasing number of contacts with the ECC network. In addition, the stable level of activity of both networks appears to mirror the very slow growth in cross-border e-commerce as a whole (Figure 11).

Figure 11: ECC and CPC cross-border complaints and information requests

	2007	2008	2009	2010
ECC				
Information requests <sup>19</sup>	22288	28933	26173	23987

Flash Eurobarometer 299a – forthcoming

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Regulation (EC) No 861/2007, OJ L 199, 31.7.2007, p.1.

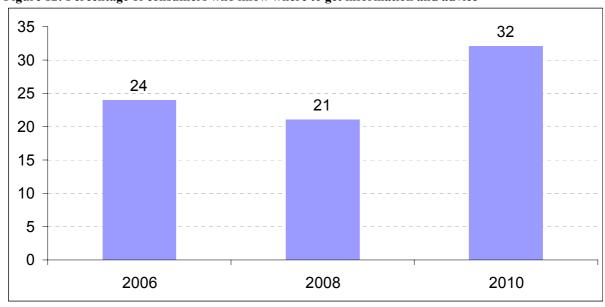
A consumer query not related to a complaint.

Simple complaints <sup>20</sup>	19838	18431	18707	17310
Normal complaints and disputes <sup>21</sup>	5009	8032	10531	11821
СРС				
Information <sup>22</sup> requests	161	121	133	88
Alerts <sup>23</sup>	71	100	43	37
Enforcement requests <sup>24</sup>	93	170	159	134

<sup>\*</sup> Figures are counted up to 30 November 2010

Sources: ECC-network & Consumer Protection Cooperation System

Figure 12: Percentage of consumers who know where to get information and advice



Sources: EB 299, EB 298 and EB 252

#### Analysis by sector and sales method

36. E-commerce accounts for more than half of all ECC normal complaints and disputes in 2010 and more than half of CPC information requests and 80% of CPC enforcement requests. In 2010, consumers mostly complained about transactions occurring within transport services, recreational and cultural services, restaurants, hotels and accommodation services. These three sectors alone cover more than 70% of all complaints

A statement of dissatisfaction by a consumer concerning a cross-border transaction. "Simple complaints" are requests for information whereas 'normal complaints" need follow up. 'Simple complaints' which have become 'normal complaints' are counted only as 'normal complaints'.

A referral to an ADR body.

An exchange of information to establish whether an intra-Community infringement has occurred.

When a competent authority becomes aware of an intra-Community infringement, it notifies other Member States.

Issued when enforcement measures have to be taken to stop the intra-Community infringement.

(as shown in Figure 13). This proportion is similar to the one recorded during the last two years (2009 and 2008).

Figure 13: CPC and ECC cross-border cases by market 2010<sup>25</sup>

g v 10. of o and Ex	CPC	CPC ECC									
	Information	Enforcement	Alerts	Normal complaints and disputes	Simple complaints						
Clothing and footwear	2	0	1	407	531						
Education	0	0	0	23	33						
Communication	3	8	2	788	773						
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	0	0	0	37	57						
Food and non- alcoholic beverages	2	3	3	31	92						
Furnishing, household equipment and routine maintenance	5	4	1	811	890						
Health	9	10	2	128	362						
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	2	0	0	170	246						
Miscellaneous goods and services	16	27	6	1022	1692						
Others	10	9	6	314	613						
Recreation and culture	26	39	9	2694	4296						
Restaurants and hotels	7	4	3	1362	2064						
Transport	5	30	4	4034	5661						
Total	88	134	37	11821	17310						

Source: ECC-network and CPCS

## Analysis by country

37. Figure 14 shows the number of normal complaints and disputes as the consumer ECC and as the trader ECC. The "consumer ECC" figures show from which countries consumers made complaints, "trader ECC" the countries where the business complained about were located.

The CPC and the ECC networks use a different type of reporting. While ECC cases reflect individual consumer complaints, CPC cases combine multiple consumer complaints towards a business.

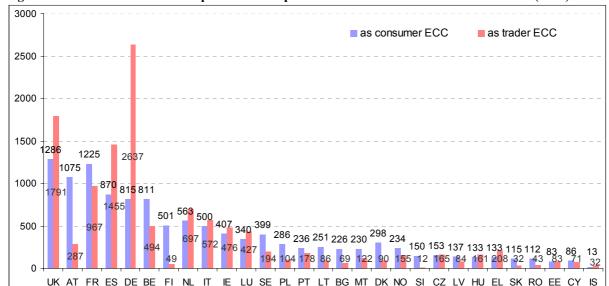
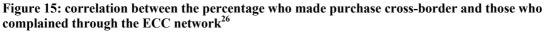
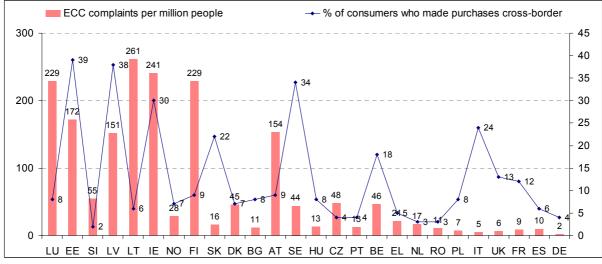


Figure 14: Number of normal complaints and disputes as consumer ECC and as trader ECC (2010)

38. As figure 15 shows, when comparing the number of consumers who made cross-border purchases in each Member State with the number who complained to their ECC, there appears to be some correlation, which suggests that the ECC network's activities corresponds fairly well to the underlying levels of cross-border activity.





In order to have a more homogeneous comparison among the 27 Member States, Malta is not present in the chart – the nr. of ECC complaints per million people is almost 2000 in Malta, much higher than the current scale of the chart.

### CONSUMER CONDITIONS IN MEMBER STATES

### Introduction

- 39. Guideline 6 of the EU 2020 integrated guidelines on improving the business and consumer environment requires that "Member States should ensure that markets work for citizens, consumers and businesses. While ensuring the protection of consumers, Member States and the Union should put in place predictable framework conditions and ensure well-functioning, open and competitive goods and services markets."The Commission's Annual Growth survey report on EU2020 progress also identifies "consumer conditions" among "growth drivers or framework conditions to growth".
- 40. Consumer policy at both EU and national level plays a crucial role in creating these framework conditions. Effective enforcement of consumer rights reinforces consumer trust in markets. The effectiveness of enforcements acts as an incentive for businesses to respect legislation and it shapes consumers opinions about whether their rights are protected or not.
- 41. Only by empowering consumers, so that they can understand the increasingly complex choices offered to them, will the most efficient and innovative manufacturers and providers be rewarded. If however, complexity makes it hard for consumers to compare quality and price and their rights are not protected, then markets may experience consumer detriment, loss of confidence and reduced incentives for quality improvement and efficiency. Consumer empowerment allows consumers to understand the information available to them, to know and to exercise their rights, to work with the institutions and organisations capable of helping them, to complain when faced with problems and to seek redress when their rights are infringed. Although the extent of empowerment depends on background factors such as the level of education, it is closely related to the quality and effectiveness of consumer policy measures and institutions in each Member State. The empowerment section also contains an indication of how effective the media is in improving the level of consumer awareness and empowerment. Media coverage of consumer issues can increase awareness of consumer rights, help consumers recognize unfair commercial practices, and show them how to obtain redress. Identifying the most informative media tools is therefore important to increase consumer awareness.
- 42. The country consumer statistics include data from various consumer and retailer surveys<sup>27</sup>. Eurobarometer questions to consumers and retailers generally relate to the last twelve months. Detailed information about methodology is included in the analytical report of each survey.<sup>28</sup> The consumer country reports compare, for each Member State,

Flash Eurobarometer 299 – Consumer attitudes towards cross-border trade and consumer protection, September 2010; Flash Eurobarometer 300 – Retailers' attitudes towards cross-border trade and consumer protection, September - October 2010; Flash Eurobarometer 282 — Attitudes towards cross-border sales and consumer protection, July 2009; Special Eurobarometer 298 — Consumer protection in the internal market, June 2008; Flash Eurobarometer 278 — Business attitudes towards enforcement and redress in the internal market, July-August 2009; Flash Eurobarometer 224 — Business attitudes towards cross-border sales and consumer protection, September 2008; Information on market surveillance activities, sweeps and public funding for national consumer organisations were provided by Member States.

The latest consumer Eurobarometer (FL EB 299) was conducted using telephone and face to face interviews, in September – October 2010, on EU respondents of at least 15 years old. The sample size

- 2010 consumer conditions with 2009 and 2008. The data included in the country statistics are rounded to the nearest integer. The country comments are based on an impartial approach which only includes observations for the indicators with the highest two or the lowest two values among EU countries. An increase in the consumer conditions index is also highlighted. In some situations there are small differences between the wordings of the questions asked in different years in Eurobarometers.
- 43. Retailers overestimate their knowledge of consumer legislation. Although, in 2010, at the EU level, 82% of retailers (same as in 2009) considered themselves to be well informed about consumer legislation, only 28% of them (23% in 2009) were able to correctly indicate the length of the cooling-off period for distance sales and only 26% (same as in 2009) were correctly informed about the legal requirements for returning a defective product. However, when discussing product safety legislation, retailers were much more aware of their legal obligations. The large majority of retailers correctly answered that they must not place unsafe products on the market (9% "incorrect" responses), that they must be able to present technical documentation on the safety aspects of the products they sell (10% "incorrect" responses) and that, upon the request of authorities, retailers must cooperate with the authorities to prevent risks posed by the products they supplied (10% "incorrect" responses).
- 44. The number of consumers who made a complaint to a seller or provider reached 13% in 2010 (10% in 2009). Not all consumers complain when they are faced with problems caused by products or services. It is important to encourage them to communicate their problems and to seek solutions since this behaviour benefits not only the individual consumer but also the market as a whole due to the improvements that companies will make to their products and services. It is disappointing that around a quarter of consumer who suffered a problem, still do not complain. It is thus clear that consumer awareness about their rights and recourse remains an ongoing challenge.

was 1000 respondents per country (500 interviews were conducted in CY, EE, LU and MT). The calculation of EU27 totals was based on a population weighting of national results. At a 95% confidence level, the margin of error ranges between +/-1.4% and +/-3.1% for sample sizes of 1000 respondents and it is lower than +/-0.6% for EU27 results. The latest retailer Eurobarometer (FL EB 300) was conducted using telephone interviews, in September – October 2010, on companies employing 10 or more persons operating in EU, Iceland and Norway. The sample size was 250 interviews (200 in IS, LU and MT).

### **Consumer Conditions Index**

- 45. The Consumer Conditions Index is based on consumers and retailers survey results. All questions reflect positive outcomes thereby allowing the index to reach, in theory, a maximum value of 100%. All questions have an equal weight in the index.
- 46. The objective of this index is to create a long term data set which can be used by EU members to estimate the impact of their policies on the welfare of their citizens. By comparing national outcomes with those of other EU countries, best practices can be identified and promoted.

Figure 16: Indicators used in the Index of national consumer policies

#### **ENFORCEMENT**

- 1. Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures
- 2. Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights
- 3. Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer
- 4. Percentage of consumers who did not come across misleading and deceptive advertisements/offers
- 5. Percentage of consumers who did not come across fraudulent advertisements/offers

#### CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS AND INFORMATION

6. Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer

#### **COMPLAINTS**

- 7. Percentage of consumers who complained when they encountered problems
- 8. Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling

## REDRESS

- 9. Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR
- 10. Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts

#### PRODUCT SAFETY

- 11. Percentage of consumers who do not think that a significant number of products are unsafe
- 12. Percentage of retailers who do not think that a significant number of products are unsafe

The following figures present both the absolute value of Consumer Conditions Index as well as its yearly evolution.

Figure 17: Consumer Conditions Index - value

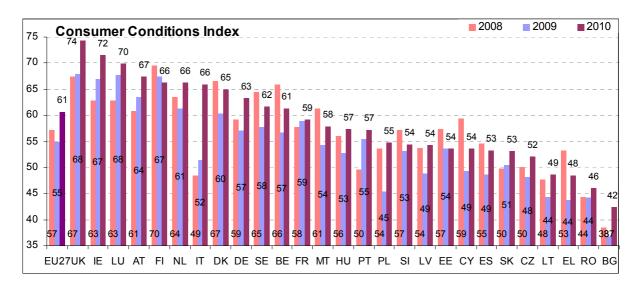
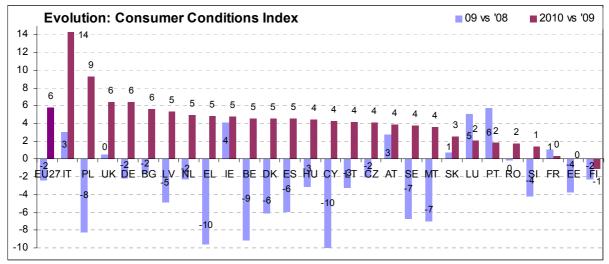


Figure 18: Consumer Conditions Index – evolution



47. 2010 saw an encouraging re-bound for nearly all Member States after the steep decline registered in 2009 (compared to 2008). In almost all Member States, 2008 levels have been re-gained or exceeded. In 2010, the biggest improvements were experienced by Italy, Poland, UK, Germany and Bulgaria. For Italy, this is explained by an important increase in most of the indicators. In particular, more consumers declared themselves satisfied with complaint handling and more of them complained when faced with problems. In Poland more consumers are confident in the safety of products and less of them came across misleading advertisements. In the UK, the perception about dispute resolution through courts saw the largest increase. For Germany, the more positive appreciation of the means of redress had the biggest impact. In Bulgaria, more consumers were satisfied with complaint handling.

#### Enforcement in the Member States

- 48. Effective enforcement of consumer law that protects consumers' economic welfare and consumer product safety legislation is a necessity for consumer trust and for the well functioning of the European economy. It ensures that businesses respect common rules and standards and that consumers are protected from serious risks and threats which they cannot tackle as individuals.
- 49. National authorities play a key role in enforcement, through market surveillance activities and by creating the institutional framework to involve stakeholders such as businesses, regulators or consumer organisations in enforcement. Together with business operators they share responsibility for ensuring that products placed on the market are safe and that all citizens benefit from a high level of consumer protection.
- 50. The Commission collects enforcement related evidence through various, complementary sources. First, consumer and retailer <u>surveys</u> provide information on issues such as awareness and knowledge of consumer protection and safety legislation, opinions on product safety, complaints, perceived compliance, and market surveillance activities. They also give an indication on the outcome or impact of national consumer policies, for example through consumers' opinions on the protection of and respect for their rights.
- 51. Second, the <u>written media</u> (press articles) is monitored because it reflects the activities of enforcement organisations and gives an indication of enforcement problems.
- 52. Third, national authorities report on their input into and output of enforcement activities (the <u>enforcement indicators</u>). Two separate sets of enforcement indicators are collected: one by CPC (Consumer Protection Cooperation) authorities (consumer legislation dealing with economic interest of consumers) in accordance with article 17.1 of Regulation 2006/2004 and one by GPSD (General Protection Safety Directive) authorities (product safety) in accordance with article 10.2 of Directive 2001/95/EC.

### Consumers' and retailers' opinions on enforcement

- 53. In 2010, 63% of consumers in the European Union were confident that that the public authorities protect their consumer rights well which is 9% more than in 2008 and 2009 (both 54%). Furthermore, a growing majority of consumers agreed that, in general, sellers and providers respected their rights as consumers well (65% vs. 58% in 2008 and 59% in 2009). Finally, 57% of European consumers felt that they were adequately protected by the existing consumer protection measures (against 51% in 2008 and 54% in 2009).
- 54. In about half of the EU Member States, the current level of confidence in public authorities was the highest level measured since the first wave of this survey (early in 2006). In the UK (82%) and Ireland (80%), at least 4 in 5 consumers agreed that they trusted public authorities to protect their consumer rights. In Lithuania, on the other hand, less than half as many respondents agreed with this view (37%).
- 55. About 4 in 5 consumers in Luxembourg (85%), the UK (84%), Ireland (83%) and Austria (79%) agreed that sellers and providers in their country respected consumers' rights. The total level of agreement dropped to 34% in Bulgaria and, in a further four countries, less

- than half of respondents agreed with this statement: Greece (43%), Lithuania (45%), Romania and Malta (both 48%).
- 56. The proportion of respondents who agreed that they felt adequately protected by existing consumer protection measures ranged from about a third (or less) respondents in Bulgaria, Greece, Lithuania and Romania (27%-34%) to roughly 8 in 10 respondents in Austria, Ireland and the UK (79%-81%). It is also worth noting that, in Bulgaria and Greece, the proportion of respondents who *strongly disagreed* that they felt adequately protected was higher than the *total* proportion of respondents who agreed with the statement (Bulgaria: 30% vs. 27%; Greece: 33% vs. 30%). Between 2006 and 2010, Ireland (+21%) and Italy (+18%) have seen the biggest increase in the proportion of consumers who feel adequately protected.

Trust public authority Trust sellers Adequately protected

Trust public authority Trust Sellers Ade

Figure 19: Consumers' feelings about adequate consumer protection and trust (%)

Source: Flash EB299, 2010

#### Economic enforcement

57. Both consumers and retailers were asked to give their view on compliance with consumer legislation (Figure 20). It appears that an important majority of retailers said that they fully comply with it: at EU level 70% strongly agreed with the statement that they comply with consumer legislation and another 27% agreed with the statement (about the same as in 2009). However, the picture partly changes when considering the consumers' viewpoint: 28% of consumers disagreed with the statement that retailers respect their rights (against 34% in 2009). In addition, in Bulgaria and Greece more than half of the consumers did not feel that their rights were being respected. Interestingly, retailers became more sceptical when asked whether their competitors were complying with consumer legislation: only 1 in 4 strongly agreed that their competitors complied with consumer legislation and another 45% agreed with the statement.

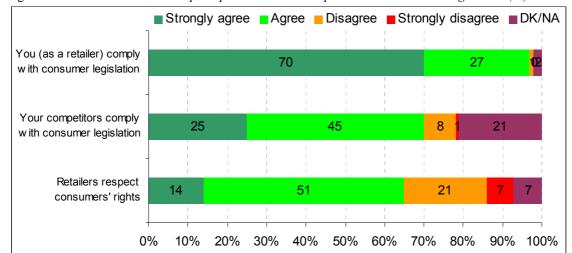
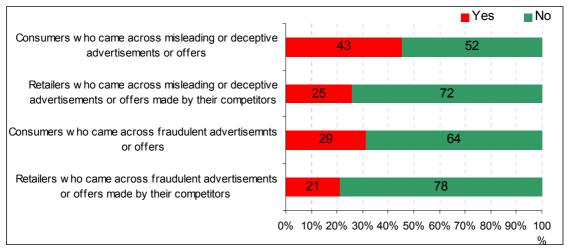


Figure 20: Consumer and retailer perceptions towards compliance with consumer legislation (%)

Sources: Flash EB299 and Flash EB300, 2010

58. Under the Unfair Commercial Practices Directive, businesses are obliged not to mislead consumers (e.g. through advertising) or subject them to aggressive commercial practices. Consumers were more likely than retailers to state that they had experience with misleading and fraudulent advertisements. In 2010, 43% of European consumers said that they had come across misleading or deceptive advertisements and 29% stated that they had come across what they believed to be fraudulent advertisements or offers<sup>29</sup>. A large majority of retailers (78%), on the other hand, had not come across fraudulent advertisements or offers made by their competitors. Most of the retailers (72%) had also not come across misleading or deceptive advertisements or offers made by competitors. These figures are comparable with the figures of 2008.





Sources: Flash EB299 and Flash EB300, 2010

59. The proportion of retailers that had come across misleading or deceptive advertisements or offers made by competitors in the past 12 months ranged from less than a sixth in France

Misleading or deceptive advertisements are those which contain false information or present factually correct information in a misleading manner about the goods or services on sale. Fraudulent advertisements actually attempt to obtain money without selling anything, for example a lottery scam.

- and Italy (14%-15%) to a slim majority in Bulgaria (52%). In a further seven countries, more than 4 in 10 retailers reported having seen such advertisements. At least 4 in 10 retailers in Poland, Greece, Bulgaria and Lithuania answered that they had come across at least one fraudulent advertisement or offer made by competitors in the past 12 months.
- 60. On the other hand, 3 in 5 consumers in Spain and Finland said they came across misleading offers and more than half of the Austrian (58%) and Greek (57%) consumers said they had experience with what they perceived as fraudulent offers.

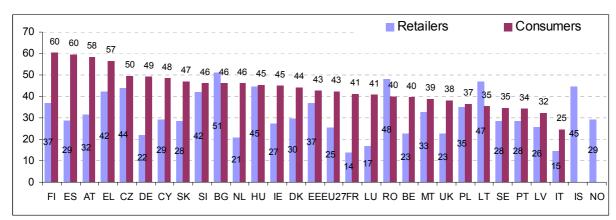


Figure 22: Consumer and retailer experiences with misleading advertisement (%)

Sources: EB299 and EB300, 2010

- 61. Eighteen percent of retailers in the EU said that they were inspected by the consumer authorities the past two years. In Romania (53%) and Hungary (50%) about one in two retailers was subject of such an inspection, but in Finland (9%) and Ireland (6%) less than 1 in 10 has been subject of an inspection. These figures are similar to the 2009 figures.
- 62. In three countries, a tenth or more of retailers answered that, in the past two years, their company had been suspected of breaching consumer legislation: Hungary (14%), Belgium and Slovakia (both 10%). Across the EU only 5% said that their company had been suspected of breaching consumer legislation in the past two years.

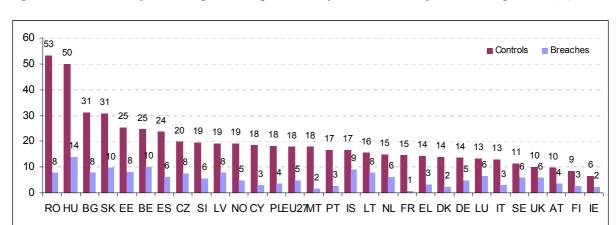


Figure 23: Retailers subjected to a general inspection and found in breach of consumer legislation (%)

Source: EB300, 2010

63. Across the EU, the proportion of retailers that had learned about a breach of consumer legislation in their market through the media in the past two years ranged from 12% in

Luxembourg to 41% in Estonia. In Finland, Bulgaria, Malta and Lithuania, 37%-38% of retailers had heard about such a breach through the media. Retailers in Norway, however, were the most likely to have learned about a breach of consumer legislation in their market through the media (45%).

Figure 24: Media reporting on breaches of consumer legislation (%)

You have learned through the media about a breach of consumer legislation in your market Source: Flash EB300, 2010

64. Finally, 79% of retailers felt that the public authorities actively monitor and ensure compliance with consumer legislation in their sector in their country, with figures ranging between 87-88% in Finland, France and Hungary and 53% in Greece.

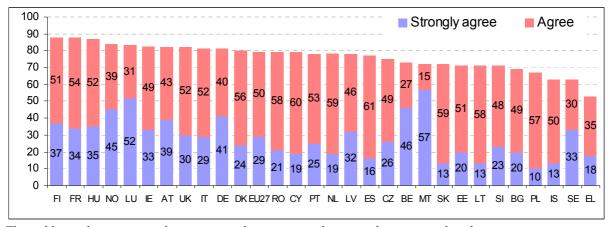


Figure 25: Compliance monitoring with consumer legislation (%)

The public authorities actively monitor and ensure compliance with consumer legislation in my sector in my country

Source: Flash EB300, 2010

### Safety enforcement

65. Surveyed about the safety of food and non-food products, consumers and retailers in the same countries tended to think alike. The dominant view from consumers and retailers in almost all countries was that not more than a small number of products are unsafe. Across the EU, only 1 in 5 consumers believed that a significant number of food and non-food products were unsafe (21% and 20% respectively). At the same time, 17% of retailers answered that a significant number of non-food products marketed in their country were unsafe and 16% said the same about unsafe food products.

- 66. However, consumers and retailers in some countries are much more sceptical about the safety of food and non-food products than in other countries.
- 67. More than 3 in 10 consumers in Romania (44%), Greece (39%), Cyprus (32%), Lithuania (32%) and Latvia (32%) considered that a significant number of non-food products were unsafe, compared to only 3% in Finland. These figures were similar in 2009. Consumers in Latvia, Lithuania, Greece, Bulgaria and Romania were also the most likely to think that that a significant number of food products marketed in their country were unsafe; this proportion ranged from 35% in Latvia to 50% in Romania. In Finland, on the other hand, just 3% of respondents thought that a significant number of food products currently on the market were unsafe.
- 68. Retailers in Romania were the most likely to think that a significant number of non-food products currently on the market in their country were unsafe (37%). In Germany, Cyprus, Bulgaria and Greece, between 26% and 32% of retailers shared this view. In Finland, Estonia, Norway and Malta, less than 5% of retailers were of this opinion. In Romania (44%), Bulgaria (40%), Greece (36%) and Lithuania (29%), more than a quarter of retailers thought that a significant number of food products are unsafe, against 1% in Malta and 2% in Finland.

30 32 32 32 32 38 28 28 20 37 32 26 17 17 17 10 13 13 14 17 21 12 13 11 12 4 9 3 7 7 16 5 12 7 13 4 9

RO EL CY LV LT BG FR HU SI DE SE ESEU27IT PT PL SK DK MT CZ EE UK AT LU IE BE NL FI NO IS

Figure 26: Consumers' and retailers' views on product safety (%)

Thinking about all non-food products currently on the market in your country, do you think that ... a significant number of products are unsafe?

Sources: Flash EB299 and Flash EB300, 2010

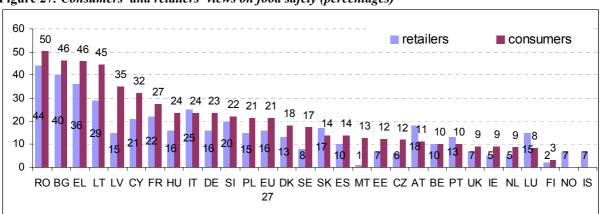


Figure 27: Consumers' and retailers' views on food safety (percentages)

Thinking about all food products currently on the market in your country, do you think that ... a significant number of products are unsafe?

69. Across the EU, less than a sixth of EU consumers said they had been personally affected by a product recall. Equal numbers existed for the recalls of non-food and food products: 3% of EU consumers mentioned that they had been affected by both a food and non-food product recall, 7% had only been affected by the former and 6% by the latter. The result with regard to whether consumers had had a direct experience of a non-food product recall was similar to the ones observed in previous waves. Consumers in Greece stood out from the pack with a slim majority (54%) of consumers who said they had been personally affected by a product recall. In Italy, on the other hand, less than a tenth (6%) of respondents reported ever having been affected by a recall of a food or non-food product. Among consumers who had been personally affected by product recalls, roughly a third (34%) had not taken any action. A slim majority (55%) of consumers affected by a product recall had contacted the retailer or the producer, while 3% had contacted a consumer organisation and 2% had contacted the national public authorities.

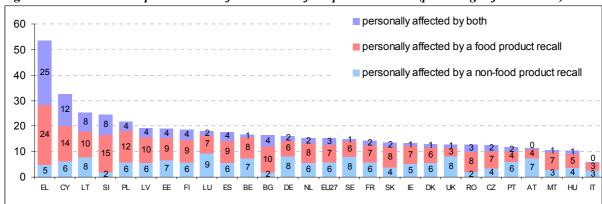


Figure 28: Consumers experiences with food and non-food product recalls (percentage of consumers)

Source: Flash EB299, 2010

70. Product recalls concerned a minority of retailers: in the last two years, 1 in 10 retailers were asked by the authorities to withdraw or recall one of their non-food products and 5% were asked to issue a public warning about one of their non-food products. About 4 in 10 retailers who sell consumer products had carried out tests in the past two years to make sure that the products they were selling were safe, while 27% said that the authorities had checked the safety of a product that they were selling. Furthermore, only 11% of retailers reported to have received complaints from consumers about the safety of a product they sold, and only 7% said they were aware that their competitors knowingly sold unsafe products in the past year (though this percentage was significantly higher in Greece (23%) and Cyprus (15%). All these figures are similar to the 2009 figures.

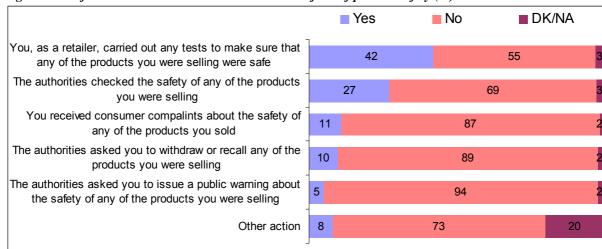
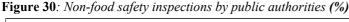
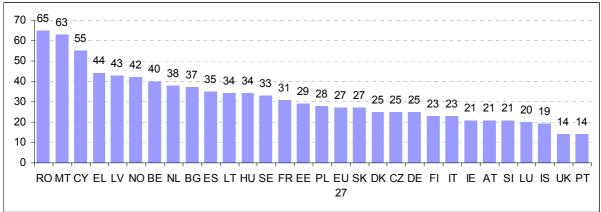


Figure 29: Enforcement and market surveillance in the field of product safety (%)

Source: Flash EB300, 2010

71. More than half of the retailers in Romania (65%), Malta (63%) and Cyprus (55%) were subjected to a non-food product safety test by the authorities. At the other end of the scale less than 20% of the retailers in Portugal (14%), the UK (14%), and Iceland (19%) said that the authorities checked the safety of the products they were selling in the past two years.





The authorities checked the safety of any of the products you were selling Source: Flash EB300, 2010

72. Finally, more than 3 in 4 retailers felt that the public authorities actively monitor and ensure compliance with product safety legislation (81%) and with food safety legislation (76%) in their sector in their country. Finland (91% non-food and 91% food), France (90% non-food and 83% food), Hungary (86% non-food and 91% food) and Norway (91% non-food, 88% food) are the countries were the highest proportion of retailers was of this opinion (these four countries also have the highest figures for compliance monitoring with consumer legislation).

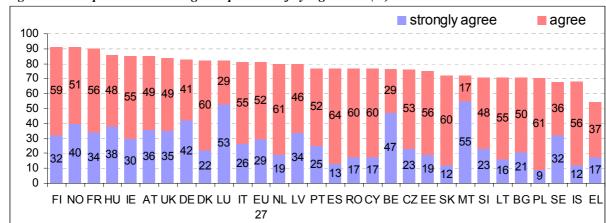


Figure 31: Compliance monitoring with product safety legislation (%)

The public authorities actively monitor and ensure compliance with product safety legislation in my sector in my country

Source: Flash EB300, 2010

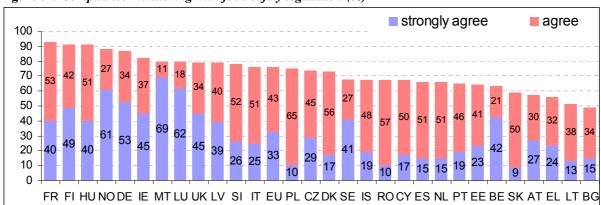


Figure 32: Compliance monitoring with food safety legislation (%)

The public authorities actively monitor and ensure compliance with food safety legislation in my sector in my country

Source: Flash EB300, 2010

#### National enforcement indicators

- 73. After a pilot project in 2008, members of the CPC and GPSD committees and the Commission developed in 2009 a system to collect data measuring the activities of national authorities responsible for economic and product safety enforcement. These data will help to identify the strengths and weaknesses in the enforcement process and will complement the enforcement picture across Europe. Two lists one for economic enforcement, one for product safety enforcement of around 20 indicators were established and are composed of input and output indicators.
- 74. The *budget* and the *number of inspectors* were identified as most relevant <u>input</u> indicators. Knowing how much Member States spend on enforcement is an essential element in assessing their enforcement capabilities. Given the budgetary limitations imposed by the current economic crisis, the protection and safety of consumers may be seriously jeopardized by inadequate funding of market surveillance.

- 75. Three subgroups of indicators are classified under the 'output enforcement indicators'. They provide quantitative information on different activities Member States carry out to ensure compliance of traders with the laws and reflect three consecutive stages of the enforcement and market surveillance process:
  - A. (Preventive and investigative) activities ensuring compliance. An example is the *number of inspections* (any check undertaken by an inspector and aimed at verification of compliance of a single trader with the consumer or product safety laws). Another example is the *number of laboratory tests* made to verify compliance with applicable safety requirements, such as checking the presence of dangerous substances or components or checking for possible structural defects.
  - B. Results of compliance checking. The aim is to measure the number of detected infringements and irregularities as a result of the inspections carried out under 1/. Examples are the *number of official notifications of non-compliance* to trader and the *number of products posing a serious risk* (authorities carry out a risk assessment and end up with a decision about the risk that the respective products pose to the health and safety of consumers).
  - C. Corrective measures. When authorities find practices or products that do not comply with the law they engage into administrative and/or court proceedings imposing obligations on producers, distributors or retailers to take corrective measures. These can be, for example, injunctions or prohibitions, product withdrawals from the market, product recalls from consumers, or suspensions of products at the border.
- 76. The enforcement indicators were collected for the first time in 2009 and again in 2010. As a result of the 2009 collection exercise, a number of minor clarifications to the definitions of the indicators were made in 2010 but the list of indicators otherwise remained the same.
- 77. The enforcement indicators are collected by using an on-line questionnaire addressed to CPC and GPSD authorities in the 27 EU Member States, Norway and Iceland. They are divided into core indicators and additional indicators. The core indicators reflect activities that are relevant for all or most Member States. The figures below show a selection of the core indicator data provided by Member States. The data are rescaled by the number of retailers<sup>30</sup> present in the country. Taking into account a measure of the size of the market is needed to better compare indicators across Europe. The number of retailers was identified as a good indicator of the national business environment.

#### Economic enforcement data

78. Twenty-five Member States, Norway and Iceland provided data on <u>economic</u> <u>enforcement</u>. The table below shows the figures reflecting activities in 2008 and 2009.

5<sup>th</sup> Consumer Conditions Scoreboard

The number of retailers is taken from Eurostat's annual detailed enterprise statistics on trade'. The category of retailers is called "*retail trade, except of motor vehicles, motorcycles; repair of personal and household goods*" and the figures refer to 2007.

Figure 33: Economic enforcement indicators

gure 3	3: Eco	nomic enfor		ndicate	ors							
		Budget (E)	Budget (€) rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of inspectors	Number of inspectors rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of inspections	Number of inspections rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of business visits	Number of notifications of non- compliance to traders	Number of business visits with detected infringements	Number of administrative decisions	Number of court decisions
AT	2009	2.240.757	52,8	130	3,1	24.823	584,4	22.831	3.759	NA	783	136
711	2008	1.931.729	45,5	128	3,0	23.754	559,2	22.819	3.103	NA	1.158	175
BE	2009	39.764.333	539,8	158	2,1	29.232	396,8	26.150	6.880	6.120	4.084	NA
	2008	34.677.000	470,7	150	2,0	6.223	84,5	5.926	3.071	NA	1.008	NA
BG	2009	1.267.951	13,8	132	1,4	24.947	272,3	19.945	0	2.709	235	7
В	2008	2.234.725	24,4	146	1,6	30.297	330,6	22.963	3.627	3.627	4	NR
CY	2009	3.300.000	285,7	108	9,4	45.333	3.925,0	44.670	480	179	147	NA
CI	2008	1.500.000	129.9	98	8,5	46.873	4.058,3	45.724	823	537	86	NA
CZ	2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CZ	2008	152.433.122	1.222,7	1.212	9,7	327.031	2.623,1	283.104	33.826	31.959	31.847	117
DE	2009	55.759.235	189,0	829	2,8	927.659	3.144,1	70.438	59.728	NA	14537	426
	2008	52.558.235	178,1	800	2,7	868.703	2.944,3	78.246	41.643	NA	20.848	629
DIV	2009	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	675	NR	NA	12
DK	2008	3.000.000	122,3	30	1,2	2.486	101,4	0	573	0	9	4
	2009	NA	NA	19	4,7	6.401	1.577,4	4.829	1.436	1.122	1.048	0
EE	2008	NA	NA	19	4,7	5.510	1.357,8	4.793	1.065	NA	970	0
	2009	230.000	1,2	80	0,4	8.000	41,2	6.000	NR	NA	161	NA
EL	2008	800.000	4,1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98	NA
	2009	89.654.218	170,2	749	1,4	233.398	443,1	69.460	8.201	18.144	7.678	NA
ES	2008	30.582.160	58,1	794	1,5	NA	NA	NA	6.520	NA	6.300	NA
	2009	1.873.458	80,4	28	1,2	4.900	210,3	2.551	1.841	816	2.371	28
FI	2008	1.587.202	68,1	30	1,3	8.683	372,7	6.083	3.440	2.210	3.597	17
	2009	136.788.323	296,6	604	1,3	163.966	355,6	155.550	50.368	41.183	1.381	3.766
FR	2008	135.104.916	293,0	679	1,5	162.684	352,8	156.879	50.085	42.414	969	4.338
	2009	13.621.338	137.8	132	1,3	8.341	84,4	5.899	5.543	2.030	5.016	NR
HU	2008	136.025.467	1.375,9	81	0,8	21.690	219,4	15.895	20.168	9.916	19.191	36
	2009	7.872.225	469,2	88	5,2	2.831	168,7	559	400	117	101	7
IE	2008	16.942.000	1.009,8	39	2,3	395	23,5	290	160	27	11	NR
	2009	306.568	NA	5	NA	1.911	NA	1.711	479	451	52	NR
IS	2008	343.825	NA	5	NA	1.229	NA	1.055	472	422	32	0
	2009	53.437.500	77,9	86	0,1	905	1,3	765	492	160	5.455	362
IT	2008	NA	NA	40	0,1	NA	NA	62	272	50	255	NA
	2009	1.899.169	146,1	98	7,6	2.213	171,2	1.922	824	500	150	NR
LV	2008	450.000	34,8	24	1,9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	NR
	2009	1.569.450	36,0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NA	NR	355	NA
LT	2008	805.636	18,5	331	7,6	19.721	452,8	19.693	9.956	11.357	1.747	11
	2009	-										
LU	2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2009	1.994.000	244,3	29	3,6	18.113	2.219,5	15.615	195	146	3	332
MT	2009	1.426.000	174,8	21	2,6	22.216	2.7232.2	20.623	600	600	21	178
NL	2008	6.495.000	82,4			NA	NA	NA	177		8	3
INL	<b>4009</b>	0.473.000	02,4	14,5	0,2	114	14W	11/1	1//	NA	U	J

	2008	5.484.000	69,6	9	0,1	NA	NA	NA	135	NA	6	0
NO	2009	2.500.000	90,0	26	0,9	1.365	49,1	0	1.134	0	8	1
NO	2008	2.400.000	86,4	25	0,9	1.076	38,7	0	806	0	10	2
PL	2009	13.826.335	37,1	888	2,4	8.563	23,0	8.088	4.080	NR	1.650	315
FL	2008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PT	2009	91.390.928	501,2	413	2,3	44.801	245,7	15	17.879	12.332	11.625	5
гі	2008	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.430	13,3	NA	1.096	NA	326	NA
RO	2009	3.549.065	26,4	367	2,7	NA	NA	NA	5.097	NA	1.092	NA
KO	2008	865.868	6,4	350	2,6	70.162	521,1	65.700	47.402	47.402	NA	NA
SK	2009	4.507.699	495,5	135	14,8	20.503	2.253,8	NA	NR	NA	6.226	23
SK	2008	5.673.206	623,6	319	35,1	36.794	4.044,6	16.234	NA	NA	6.097	NR
SI	2009	2.513.964	352,8	128	18,0	9.452	1.326,4	NA	10.471	NA	319	NA
31	2008	2.636.702	370,0	128	18,0	18.321	2.571,0	NA	3.325	NA	561	NA
SE	2009	2.500.000	42,2	29	0,5	321	5,4	0	142	0	15	21
SE	2008	3.541.974	59,8	35	0,6	577	9,7	283	310	97	22	5
UK	2009	122.955.811	618,8	1.183	6,0	35.772	180,0	27.103	15.320	8.848	540	2.574
UK	2008	114.259.932	575,0	1.045	5,3	10.374	52,2	29.129	15.320	9.722	442	1.297

Source: Member States CPC authorities (NA=not available, NR= not relevant)

- 79. The enforcement systems in place and the nature of enforcement actions vary significantly between countries. The enforcement indicators cover a broad range of activities to capture the specificities and complexity of the different systems. The data reported by the enforcement authorities reflects the differences between the countries. For example, some Member States, especially in Northern countries, focus effort on preventive enforcement such as education campaigns or dialogue with traders rather than on inspections through business visits (which remains a very common means in most Member States).
- 80. Most Members States reported that not all figures for the enforcement indicators are readily available. Therefore, almost all Member States stressed that part of the figures are either estimates, incomplete, or including activities beyond the scope of economic enforcement. This is because in some cases only global figures related to whole range of activities of the ministry in charge of consumer protection could be reported, i.e. including product safety activities or activities unrelated to economic consumer legislation enforcement. In other cases several authorities (different national bodies or national and regional bodies) share responsibility for economic enforcement and not all these bodies were able to provide data. For indicators such as website checks, some Member States reported that these are part of the daily work of official enforcers, but numbers of websites checked are not recorded.
- 81. Comparison to last year shows some continuity in most Member States but for a smaller number of Member States major differences between the 2008 and 2009 figures are noted. Some Member States reported that, based on the experience gained with the first enforcement indicators exercise, they were able to improve the methods of calculation and collection of data so that the data provided in 2010 was more accurate. In general terms, the concepts defined and used in the questionnaire were better understood by respondents, a fact that also contributed to improving the quality of the reported data.
- 82. The figures show important differences between Member States, even after rescaling the budget, number of inspectors, and number of inspections for the numbers of retailers in the country. It remains difficult to compare the figures and to draw straightforward conclusions on enforcement in the Member States. The Commission will therefore prepare

a comprehensive overview and analysis of the data collected in the two consecutive years which will serve as basis for the further development of the enforcement indicators.

## Product safety enforcement data

83. Twenty-two Member States, Norway and Iceland provided data on <u>product safety</u> <u>enforcement</u>, as shown in the data presented below.

Figure 34: Product safety enforcement indicators

Fig	ure 34	: Product so	afety en	<u>iforce</u>		<u>indicato</u>									
		Budget (E)	Budget (E) rescaled for the umber of retailers	Number of inspectors	Number of inspectors rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of Inspections	Number of inspections rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of products tested in labs	Number of products tested in labs rescaled for the number of retailers	Number of dangerous products posing a serious risk	Number of administrative decisions	Number of Products withdrawn from the market	Number of products recalled from consumers	Number of decisions taken by customs authorities to suspend products at the border	Number of decisions to reject products at the border
AT	2009	NA	NA	30	0.7	18.000	423.7	1.450	34.1	115	28	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2008	NA	NA	18	0,4	9.071	213,6	NA	NA	NA	NA	300	200	NA	3
BE	2009	2.350.000	31.9	32	0.4	6.850	93.0	300	4.1	30	370	200	NA	300	200
DL	2008	1.530.000	20,8	24	0,3	5.500	74,7	400	5,43	30	1.450	260	NA	160	125
BG	2009	633.975	6.9	120	1.3	10.672	116.5	222	2.4	257	200	259	0	4	4
ВО	2008	550.828	6,0	112	1,2	7.902	86,2	6	0,07	153	348	334	NA	NA	NA
CY	2009	NA	NA	24	2.1	5.919	512.5	272	23.5	103	32	159	0	NA	NA
C 1	2008	NA	NA	12	1,0	4.917	425,7	21	1,82	44	15	154	0	NA	NA
CZ	2009	7.622.646	61.1	418	3.4	30.705	246.3	715	5.7	79	387	65	6	23	0
CZ	2008	12.125.654	97,3	360	2,9	58.111	466,1	1.653	13,26	57	202	79	NA	NA	0
DE	2009	NA	NA	803	2.7	67.516	228.8	25.850	87.6	187	3.846	1.374	841	714	248
DL	2008	NA	NA	962	3,3	76.000	257,6	20.194	68,44	240	1.529	490	231	634	292
DK	2009	4.010.000	163.5	45	1.8	1.177	48.0	409	16.6	45	51	35	13	58	50
	2008	5.400.000	220,2	43	1,8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
EE	2009	288.016	71.0	18	4.4	3.730	919.2	320	78.9	53	140	59	11	262	204
	2008	296.961	73,2	19	4,7	3.961	976,1	342	84,28	86	194	111	16	194	135
EL	2009	4.400.000	22.7	105	0.5	2.479	12.8	1.536	7.9	80	222	222	250	4	4
	2008	4.846.000	25,0	127	0.7	2.050	10,6	305	1,57	199	230	205	18	155	9
ES	2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FI	2009	7.286.000	312.7	90	3.9	3.067	131.6	2.717	166.6	35	208	100	5	646	146
	2008	7.286.000	312,7	90	3,9	2.852	122,4	1.640	70,39	52	241	150	21	780	128
FR	2009	39.912.282	86.6	191	0.4	26.372	57.2	2.717	5.9	75	692	166	NA	871	232
	2008	40.309.121	87,4	190	0,4	26.260	57,0	2.804	6,08	52	612	147	NA	921	197
HU	2009	11.133.214	112,6	320	3,2	14.097	142,6	668	6,8	157	1.775	32	134	59	37
	2008	12.996.296	131,5	345	3,5	17.470	176,7	287	2,9	158	5.658	39	158	234	120
IE	2009	750.000	44.7	8	0.5	336	20.0	4	0.2	20	96	0	0	NA	1
	2008	120 550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IS	2009	128.759	NA	14	NA	264	NA	NA	NA	25	46	17	NA	31	13
	2008	253.331	NA	15	NA	486	NA	41	NA	13	118	18	0	31	31

	2009	_	l <sub>-</sub>	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
IT	2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2009	2.098.571	48.2	85	2.0	6.524	150.8	1.314	30.2	98	907	98	98	43	43
LT	2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LV	2009	1.644.260	127.2	89	6.9	2.387	184.7	358	27.7	26	251	26	14	25	38
	2008	1.279.444	99,0	33	2,6	4.189	324,1	215	16,63	16	240	53	5	54	38
LU	2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
МТ	2009	NA	NA	4	0.5	518	63.5	178	21.8	14	17	4	13	12	12
MI	2008	43.888	5,4	3	0,4	65	8,0	98	12,01	9	1	1	0	NA	NA
NL	2009	13.481.000	171.1	41	0.5	9.087	115.3	4.491	57.0	73	1.961	NA	0	NA	NA
NL	2008	14.300.000	181,5	37	0,5	8.051	102,2	5.837	74,08	33	1.499	NA	NA	NA	NA
NO	2009	206.500	7.4	24	0.9	647	23.3	75	2.7	16	71	13	4	NA	52
NO	2008	207.500	7,5	20	0,7	643	23,1	59	2,12	2	46	34	2	0	2
PL	2009	7.309.317	19.6	878	2.4	19.569	52.5	2.729	7.3	108	221	47	0	715	572
1 L	2008	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		•	-	-	-	-
PT	2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	•	-	-	-	-
ГІ															
	2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PO	2008 2009	3.549.065	26.7	367	2.7	4.367	0.04	- NA	- NA	0	1.633	6.009	- NA	- NA	- NA
RO		- 3.549.065 865.868													
	2009		26.7	367	2.7	4.367	0.04	NA	NA	0	1.633	6.009	NA	NA	NA
RO SE	<b>2009</b> 2008	865.868	<b>26.7</b> 6,4	<b>367</b> 350	<b>2.7</b> 2,6	<b>4.367</b> 5.368	<b>0.04</b> 39,9	NA NA	NA NA	<b>0</b>	<b>1.633</b> 123	<b>6.009</b> 123	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
SE	2009 2008 2009	865.868 <b>3.450.000</b>	26.7 6,4 58.2	<b>367</b> 350 <b>41</b>	2.7 2,6 0.7	<b>4.367</b> 5.368 <b>1.716</b>	<b>0.04</b> 39,9 <b>29.0</b>	NA NA 640	NA NA 10.8	0 4 180	1.633 123 376	6.009 123 298	NA NA 161	NA NA 14	NA NA 12
	2009 2008 2009 2008	865.868 <b>3.450.000</b> 4.774.000	26.7 6,4 58.2 80,6	367 350 41 87	2.7 2,6 0.7 1,5	<b>4.367</b> 5.368 <b>1.716</b> NA	<b>0.04</b> 39,9 <b>29.0</b> NA	NA NA 640 NA	NA NA 10.8 NA	0 4 180 NA	1.633 123 376 NA	6.009 123 298 NA	NA NA 161 NA	NA NA 14 NA	NA NA 12 NA
SE SI	2009 2008 2009 2008 2009	865.868 <b>3.450.000</b> 4.774.000 <b>NA</b>	26.7 6,4 58.2 80,6 NA	367 350 41 87 16	2.7 2,6 0.7 1,5 2.2	4.367 5.368 1.716 NA 8.397	0.04 39,9 29.0 NA 1178.4	NA NA 640 NA 487	NA NA 10.8 NA 68.3	0 4 180 NA 8	1.633 123 376 NA 493	6.009 123 298 NA NA	NA NA 161 NA 18	NA NA 14 NA 133	NA NA 12 NA 84
SE	2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 2008	865.868 3.450.000 4.774.000 NA NA	26.7 6,4 58.2 80,6 NA NA	367 350 41 87 16 20	2.7 2,6 0.7 1,5 2.2 2,8	4.367 5.368 1.716 NA 8.397 6.499	0.04 39,9 29.0 NA 1178.4 912,0	NA NA 640 NA 487 96	NA NA 10.8 NA 68.3 13,47	0 4 180 NA 8 23	1.633 123 376 NA 493 600	6.009 123 298 NA NA 49	NA NA 161 NA 18 37	NA NA 14 NA 133 109	NA NA 12 NA 84 55
SE SI	2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009	865.868 3.450.000 4.774.000 NA NA 7.533.425	26.7 6,4 58.2 80,6 NA NA 828.1	367 350 41 87 16 20 170	2.7 2,6 0.7 1,5 2.2 2,8 18.7	4.367 5.368 1.716 NA 8.397 6.499 3.113	0.04 39,9 29.0 NA 1178.4 912,0 342.2	NA NA 640 NA 487 96 818	NA NA 10.8 NA 68.3 13,47	0 4 180 NA 8 23 66	1.633 123 376 NA 493 600 58	6.009 123 298 NA NA 49 58	NA NA 161 NA 18 37	NA NA 14 NA 133 109	NA NA 12 NA 84 55

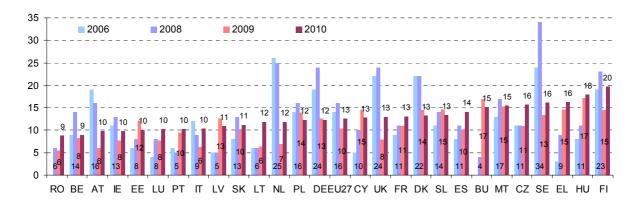
Source: Member States GPSD authorities

- 84. Figures for the budget and the number of inspectors are often estimates (for the same reason as mentioned for the economic enforcement data). A number of Member States mentioned that no data were available for some market surveillance authorities, so in these cases the figures are probably underestimates. Based on the data provided by GPSD authorities, EU Member States spend around 117M€ on product safety enforcement in 2009 and employed almost 4.000 inspectors.
- 85. Despite disposing of limited resources, in the general context of the 2009 economic crisis, most Member States have increased their efforts to keep unsafe products from the shelves: more inspections and tests have been carried out, resulting in more corrective decisions taken by the authorities.
- 86. After rescaling the budget, number of inspectors, number of inspections and number of products tested in labs for the numbers of retailers in the country major differences between Member States continue to show, although the differences are somewhat smaller than for economic enforcement.
- 87. Some Member States could only provide limited figures for inspections, for example, data on website inspections were not always available as were the data from some regional or local market surveillance authorities. The figures of some of the core product safety enforcement indicators are not presented because they seemed non representative.

### **Consumer Complaints**

- 88. Consumer complaints are one of the key indicators for monitoring the consumer dimension of the single market.
- 89. While national authorities and other third-party organisations (e.g. consumer organisations, regulators, alternative dispute resolution bodies) in all Member States collect complaints, the arrangements for doing so differ considerably. To address this, in May 2010 the Commission adopted a Recommendation introducing a harmonised methodology for classifying and reporting consumer complaints. The adoption of a harmonised methodology by as many third-party organisations as possible at national level will allow Member States to construct a more complete picture of national consumer markets. Regulatory bodies such as competition authorities and sectoral regulators (e.g. telecommunications, energy, financial services) will also benefit from the harmonization.
- 90. Future editions of the Scoreboard are expected to include harmonised data on complaints and enquiries coming from third party complaint bodies, thus enabling a better monitoring of consumer markets.
- 91. The current edition relies on data coming from a consumer survey carried out in September 2010.<sup>31</sup>
- 92. In the last twelve months leading to the survey 13% of European consumers complained to a trader when they encountered a problem after a purchase (3 percentage points more than in 2009). Another 4% did not complain to the trader despite the fact that they had a problem. Figure 35 compares the data, on the number of consumers making a formal complaint to a trader, from the 2010 survey with the data coming from previous surveys.

Figure 35: Percentage of consumers who encountered problems and complained



93. While nearly one in two consumers are not satisfied with the way traders handle their complaints, the 2010 results show a slight improvement of the situation.

Figure 36: Satisfaction with complaint handling

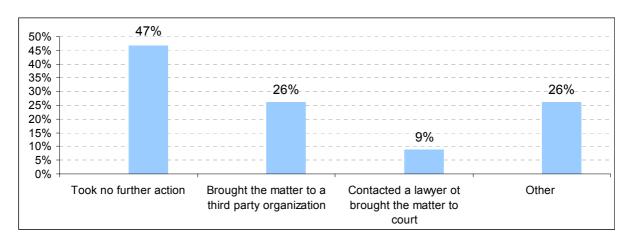
Were		or not with the way yealt with by the selle	/our complaint(s) was (were) r/provider?
	Satisfied	Not satisfied	Don't know / other

Flash Eurobarometer 299, "Consumer attitudes towards cross-border trade and consumer protection"

2006	54%	41%	3%
2008	51%	47%	2%
2009	50%	48%	2%
2010	52%	45%	3%

94. As shown in Figure 37, nearly one in two consumers (47%) gives up and takes no further action. The essential role of third party consumer complaint bodies (e.g. consumer authorities, consumer organisations, regulators, alternative dispute resolution bodies, etc.) in enforcing consumer rights also emerges from this chart: around one in three consumers (26%), not satisfied with the solution outcome of their complaint, chooses to bring the matter to a complaint body.

Figure 37: Actions taken by consumers after their complaints were not dealt with in a satisfactory manner



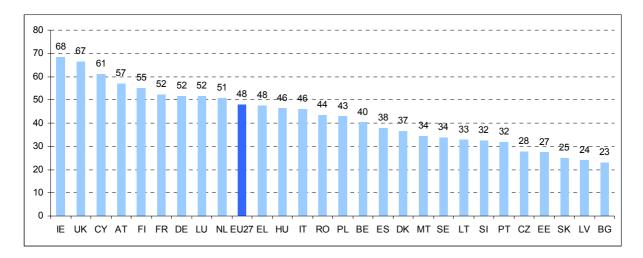
Source: EB 299, 2010 – multiple answers possible

### Alternative dispute resolution

95. While not many Europeans make use of ADR (Alternative Dispute Resolution) mechanisms or courts for settling their disputes, they seem to favour ADR: in particular, 48% agree that it is easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR mechanisms while this figure goes down to 33% for courts<sup>32</sup>. The countries which have the highest percentages of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes through alternative mechanisms are Ireland, United Kingdom and Cyprus.

Flash Eurobarometer 299, "Consumer attitudes towards cross-border trade and consumer protection"

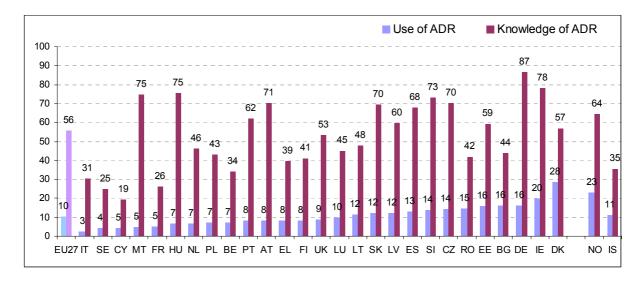
Figure 38: Percentage of people who agree that it is easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR mechanisms



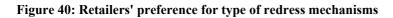
Source: Flash Eurobarometer 299 – "Attitudes towards cross-border trade and consumer protection", 2010

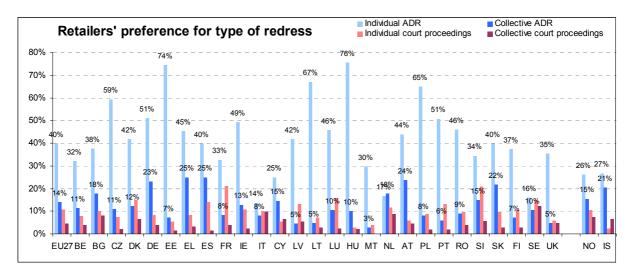
96. 56% of retailers are aware of the existence of ADR. Nevertheless, the use of ADR is quite limited considering that only 10% of retailers have used this type of dispute resolution mechanism. Denmark and Ireland are the countries with the highest popularity of ADR mechanisms among retailers.

Figure 39: Retailers' knowledge and use of ADR mechanisms (% of retailers)



97. When asked to state their preference for the type of redress mechanisms, retailers favoured ADR mechanisms and individual proceedings. In response to the question of how would retailers prefer to settle their dispute with a group of consumers over the same problem, 40% chose individual ADR, 14% collective ADR, 11% individual court proceedings and 5% collective court proceeding.





### Consumer affordability

- 98. The ability of consumer to afford the goods and services they want and need is a central part of the conditions they face and therefore an important part of the monitoring work of the Scoreboard. This affordability develops according to developments in disposable income available to consumers but also to price levels, where consumer policy, in conjunction with competition policy, can have an impact. 2009 was a year of deep crisis for European economies, which led to a significant decrease of GDP and therefore had a significant negative impact on citizens in their role as consumers, as well as employees, taxpayers etc.
- 99. In terms of the scale of overall consumer expenditure (household consumption) the decrease was less significant than that for GDP both at EU level and in most of the Member States, although household consumption was depressed for longer. GDP recorded a negative growth for 5 consecutive quarters but household consumption for 6, starting from 2008Q2 (Figure 41). The situation started recovering in the second half of 2009, when both household consumption and GDP grew again.

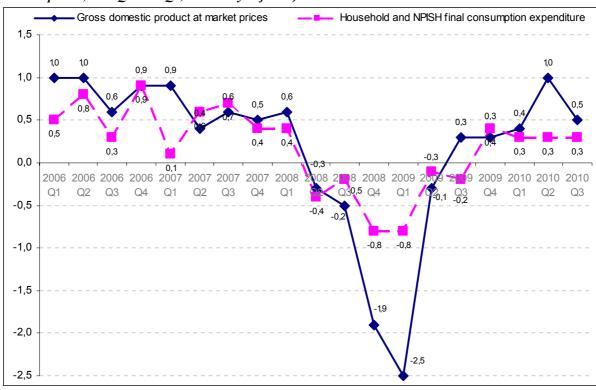


Figure 41: GDP at market prices and household and NPISH expenditures in EU 27 (real % changes on previous period, 2009Q1-2010Q3, seasonally adjusted)

Source: Eurostat

100. However, this late upturn was not sufficient to deliver an increase over the whole of 2009 for the EU, the Euro Area and in most of the Member States (Figure 42). Only in Poland did both household consumption and GDP increase in 2009. The greatest reductions were recorded in the Baltic Countries, where both household consumption and GDP shrank by more than 10%.

101. The serious consequences of the downturn for consumers, is further revealed by looking at the changes to adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita during 2009. This measure captures the disposable income available to consumers for spending or saving adjusted for free public services (such as health and education). This adjustment facilitates country comparison by eliminating any bias due to differences in national policies about whether public services are paid for by taxation or private consumption. This income dropped in real terms by 2.7% in the EU 27 in 2009 compared to 2008, and in most Member States. Latvia recorded the highest fall (-20.7%), followed by Poland (-16.7%), Hungary (-14.6%), UK (-9.8%), Sweden (-8.2%), Estonia (-7.4%) and Lithuania (-7.2%). The impact of the crisis on consumers varied greatly between Member States, Although in most Member States, GDP, household consumption and adjusted disposable income all decreased in real terms, in some Member States (BE, DK, ES, CY, NL, PT,, FI) consumer available income grew, even as expenditure and GDP In DE, EE, IE, LV, LT, SI while consumer available income dropped, expenditure dropped even further as consumers saved more. In CZ, IT, HU, SE, UK consumers tried to maintain level of expenditure, perhaps by drawing on savings, as it fell less than available income.

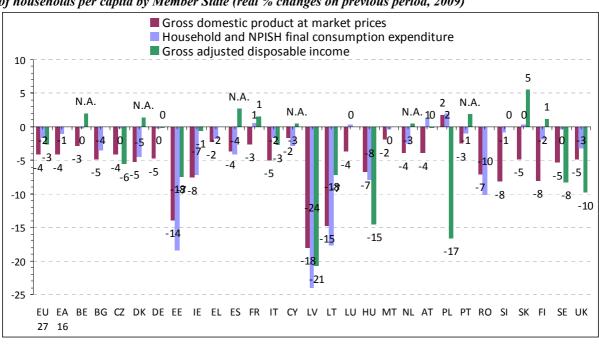


Figure 42: GDP at market prices, household and NPISH expenditures and adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita by Member State (real % changes on previous period, 2009)

Source: European Commission (DG SANCO calculation on Eurostat data)

102. As in the previous Scoreboard, the ability of consumers to afford the same goods and services continues to vary very significantly across the EU. The level of the adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita, measured in Purchasing Power Standards (PPS), which takes account of differences due to different price levels between countries, varies hugely (Figure 43), ranging from Latvia (9 045) to Germany (23 222). This difference gives a clear picture of the remaining challenge to harmonise consumer conditions within the single market. In fact, 7 out of the 22 Member States for which data are available, recorded values below 75% of the EU 27 average, whereas 13 are above.

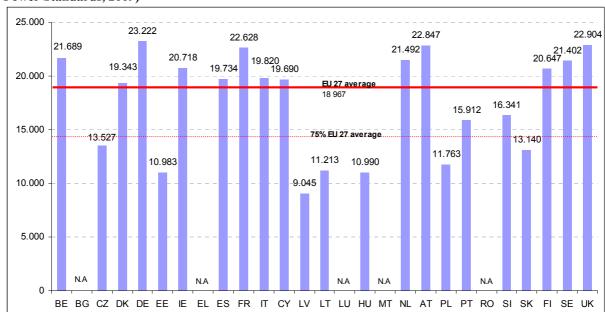


Figure 43: Real adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita by Member State (Purchasing Power Standards, 2009)

Source: Eurostat

103. While the crisis clearly had a significant impact on the conditions of all consumers, it is also important to monitor whether the most vulnerable consumers have been even more adversely affected by the economic conditions. This can be monitored through the material deprivation rate, which is the percentage of the population who cannot afford to purchase at least three of the nine following items: unexpected expenses, one week annual holiday away from home, mortgage or utility bills, a meal with meat, chicken or fish every second day, keep home adequately warm, a washing machine, a colour TV, a telephone or a personal car. As shown in Figure 44, the material deprivation rate ranges from 4% in Luxembourg to 55.5% in Bulgaria, with the EU average equal to 17%. In spite of the crisis, the situation of the most vulnerable consumers does not appear to have deteriorated significantly compared to 2008 in most Member States. Increases in the material deprivation rate in Member States with an already relatively high level should however continue to be closely monitored.

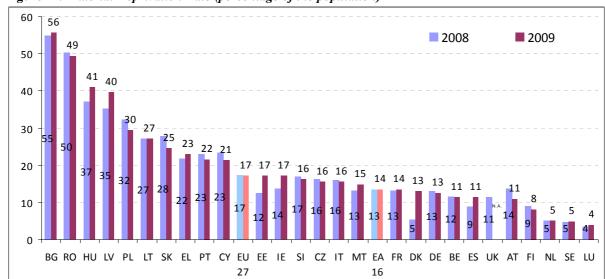


Figure 44: Material Deprivation Rate (percentage of the population)

Source: Eurostat

# Country Consumer Statistics

# European Union



### **EU27**

		<b>EU27</b>				
		European Union		rious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU12	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	61	55	57	NA	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	57%	55%	51%	43%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	62%	55%	54%	48%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	65%	58%	59%	54%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	43%	54%	42%	41%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	29%	36%	27%	30%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	20%	20%	NA	37%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	25%	28%	NA	42%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	84%	NA	NA	0%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	59%	NA	NA	0%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	1953	1687	1537	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	20%	25%	18%	24%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	17%	16%	16%	16%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	27%	29%	44%	38%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	7%	7%	21%	6%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	15%	10%	10%	3%	2%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	30%	28%	45%	31%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	9%	14%	10%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	82%	82%	77%	87%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	28%	23%	NA	NA	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	26%	26%	NA	NA	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	13%	10%	16%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	23%	28%	27%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	52%	50%	51%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	46%	46%	51%	60%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	16%	14%	22%	22%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	48%	37%	39%	38%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	33%	23%	30%	20%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	56%	57%	67%	54%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	10%	9%	19%	12%	10%

### European Union



#### **EU27**

		262:					
		European Union	Previous results			erages	
		2010	2009	2008	EU12	EU15	
	SWITCHING - average for 11 services						
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	16%	NA	NA	18%	16%	
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to $10$	6,7	NA	NA	7,1	6,6	
	MEDIA						
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	41%	39%	NA	38%	41%	
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION						
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	32%	NA	NA	26%	34%	
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION						
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	69%	64%	64%	52%	73%	
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	6%	9%	10%	4%	7%	
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

- At the European level, the percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures has registered a slight increase in 2010 compared to the previous year which confirms the positive trend seen since 2008. More consumers share this opinion in EU15 countries compared to EU12<sup>33</sup> countries.
- The highest levels of consumer trust, for protecting their rights, go to consumer organizations (69%), followed by sellers / providers (65%) and public authorities (62%).
- Negative commercial practices such as fraudulent advertisements / offers and misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers have seen a decrease in 2010 compared with the previous years. Nevertheless, the discrepancy between the views of consumers and those of retailers, regarding these practices, still remain. 43% of consumers (54% in 2009) came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers and 29% (36% in 2009) even experienced fraudulent advertisements / offers. A smaller share of retailers came across the same practices: 25% of them (28% in 2009) reported misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers and 20% (same as in 2009) reported fraudulent practices.
- The percentage of consumers who encountered problems experienced a slight increase from 14% in 2009 to 16% in 2010. However, a small improvement is visible in the number of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling.
- A new set of data is available starting with 2010. It offers the average percentage of consumers who have switched provider or tariff for 11 services (electricity, gas, current accounts, credits and mortgages, investments and pensions, dwelling insurance, vehicle insurance, sport and leisure services, fixed telephony, mobile telephony as well as internet). It also provides the assessment of consumers regarding how easy it is to compare offers from the various suppliers of these services.

-

EU12 refers to the countries which joined the European Union in 2004 and in 2007. EU15 refers to the countries which were part on the European Union before the 2004 enlargement.

# Austria



AT

		AT				
		Austria		ious ults		rerages 010
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	67	64	61	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	79%	66%	61%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	77%	67%	68%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	80%	73%	66%	65%	68%
1.3	advertisements / offers	58%	56%	39%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	51%	39%	28%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	15%	14%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	32%	28%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	80%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	29	21	17	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	10%	19%	13%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	7%	8%	9%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	21%	16%	29%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	8%	6%	18%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	11%	11%	14%	3%	2%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	16%	23%	38%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	10%	10%	28%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	89%	84%	89%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	6%	9%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	32%	35%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	6%	16%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	5%	14%	41%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	50%	59%	68%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	44%	66%	39%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	10%	7%	27%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	57%	42%	38%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	39%	32%	28%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	71%	76%	85%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	8%	8%	19%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services	<u> </u>	3,0		-0,0	-0,0
	5 TITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					1

#### Austria



#### **AT**

		Austria	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	14%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,0	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	36%	29%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	42%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	80%	77%	71%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	3%	11%	3%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	212	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Austria has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 64 (in 2009) to 67 (in 2010).
- In Austria the sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer law.
- Only 16% of retailers carried out tests to ensure the safety of the products they were selling (the second lowest performance in the EU).
- In general, consumers had very little reason to complain considering that only 10% of them encountered problems when buying something, the lowest percentage in the EU.
- Consumer empowerment was the highest in the EU, as only 5% of consumers who had a reason to complain did not do so.
- Fraudulent advertisements / offers were a reason for concern given that as many as 51% of consumers encountered them (the highest percentage in the EU).

# Belgium



BE

Regium   Previous   Consumer Conditions Index   Previous   Consumer Conditions Index   Preventage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures   S3%   S3%   G1%   S7%   G1%   G1%   S7%   G1%   G1			DE				
Consumer Conditions Index			Belgium				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
ENFORCEMENT		Consumer Conditions Index	61	57	66	61	NA
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a   58%   48%   60%   62%   66%   66%   68%		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	53%	53%	61%	57%	61%
1.1	1						
Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a divertisement / offers consumer who came across misleading or deceptive   40%   48%   36%   43%	1.1		58%	18%	60%	62%	66%
1.3   advertisements / offers   40%   48%   30%   43%   43%   29		Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a					
Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   15%   21%   NA   20%   17%	1.3		40%	48%	36%	43%	43%
1.5   made by competitors in the past year	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	19%	20%	20%	29%	29%
1.6   advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	1.5		15%	21%	NA	20%	17%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   14	1.6		23%	21%	NA	25%	23%
1.8   further investigation	1.7		88%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   14   3   17   NA   NA     1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   8%   14%   11%   20%   19%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   12%   5%   6%   15%   15%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   40%   42%   53%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   9%   32%   39%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were safe   24%   28%   46%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   9%   32%   25%   9%   8%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   22%   83%   67%   82%   81%     Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   22%   25%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   26%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   22%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   22%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   24%   31%   58%   46%   42%     2 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   9%   8%   14%   13%   13%     2 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something   55%   50%   51%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something   31%   58%   46%   42%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   40%   29%   51%   48%   50%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   40%   29%   51%   48%   50%     Percentage of consumers who find it eas	1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for	46%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   12%   5%   6%   15%   15%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who see products were checked by authorities   40%   42%   53%   27%   26%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   40%   42%   53%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   9%   32%   39%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who acarried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   24%   28%   46%   30%   30%     1.15   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   28%   46%   30%   30%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   22%   25%   NA   28%   NA     1.18   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   75%   83%   67%   82%   81%     1.18   Percentage of clistance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   22%   25%   NA   28%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   22%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   24%   25%   36%   23%   16%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   9%   8%   14%   13%   13%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   16%   51%   36%   23%   16%     2.4   complaint handling   55%   50%   51%   58%   58%     2.5   Something   24%   25%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   11%   10%   22%   16%   15%     REDRESS   24%   25%   2		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   12%   5%   6%   15%   15%   15%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   40%   42%   53%   27%   26%   26%   1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   9%   32%   39%   7%   7%   7%   1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%   28%   46%   30%   30%   20%   28%   46%   30%	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	14	3	17	NA	NA
1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   40%   42%   53%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   9%   32%   39%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   24%   28%   46%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   9%   32%   25%   9%   8%     RETAILERS AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   25%   81%     Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   75%   83%   67%   82%   81%     Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   22%   25%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   26%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   20%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   9%   8%   14%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   16%   51%   36%   23%   16%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   55%   50%   51%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   47%   31%   58%   46%   42%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   40%   29%   51%   48%   50%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   40%   29%   51%   48%   50%     Percentage of retailers who knew of ADR mechanisms   34%   30%   41%   56%   56%   56%   29%   29%   22%	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	8%	14%	11%	20%	19%
1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   9%   32%   39%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%     1.15   Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   24%   28%   46%   30%   30%     1.16   Safety of their products   9%   32%   25%   9%   8%     1.16   Safety of their products   9%   32%   25%   9%   8%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   22%   25%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   26%   25%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   9%   8%   14%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   16%   51%   36%   23%   16%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   47%   31%   58%   46%   42%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   11%   10%   22%   16%   15%     REDRESS   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   20%   41%   33%   37%     2.8   Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms   34%   30%   41%   56%   56%     2.9   Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms   7%   88%   12%   10%	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	12%	5%	6%	15%	15%
1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   17%   15%   10%   3%   2%	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	40%	42%	53%	27%	26%
Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  22% 25% NA 26% NA  1.19 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who fielt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 16% 51% 36% 23% 16%  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 55% 50% 51% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 47% 31% 58% 46% 42% Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something something 11% 10% 22% 16% 15%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 34% 30% 41% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	9%	32%	39%	7%	7%
Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   26%   25%   NA   28%   NA	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	17%	15%	10%	3%	2%
1.16   safety of their products   9%   32%   25%   9%   8%	1.15		24%	28%	46%	30%	30%
1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  26% 25% NA 28% NA 28% NA 28% NA 26%	1.16		9%	32%	25%	9%	8%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  26% 25% NA 26% NA  26%		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.18 for distant sales  22% 25% NA 28% NA  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  26% 25% NA 26% NA  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  30% 20% 41% 33% 37%  2.7 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  7% 8% 12% 10% 10% 10%	1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	75%	83%	67%	82%	81%
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  30% 20% 41% 33% 37%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  7% 8% 12% 10% 10%	1.18		22%	25%	NA	28%	NA
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  2.7 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  30%  20%  41%  31%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  5	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	26%	25%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  30%  20%  41%  31%  48%  50%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  2.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  2.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  34%  30%  41%  51%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  52%  5		COMPLAINTS					
Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  30%  20%  41%  30%  30%  41%  56%  56%  56%  29  Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  7%  8%  12%  10%  10%	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	9%	8%	14%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something somethin	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	16%	51%	36%	23%	16%
2.4 complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  30% 20% 41% 33% 37% 2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  34% 30% 41% 56% 56% 56%	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	55%	50%	51%	52%	52%
2.5 something 11% 10% 22% 16% 15% REDRESS 11% 10% 22% 16% 15% Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 29% 51% 48% 50% Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 30% 20% 41% 33% 37% 2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 34% 30% 41% 56% 56% 2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 7% 8% 12% 10% 10%	2.4	complaint handling	47%	31%	58%	46%	42%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  30% 20% 41% 33% 37% 2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  34% 30% 41% 56% 56% 2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  7% 8% 12% 10% 10%	2.5	something	11%	10%	22%	16%	15%
2.6 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  30%  20%  41%  33%  37%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  34%  30%  41%  56%  56%  56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  7%  8%  12%  10%		REDRESS					
2.7       sellers/providers through courts       30%       20%       41%       33%       37%         2.8       Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms       34%       30%       41%       56%       56%         2.9       Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms       7%       8%       12%       10%       10%	2.6		40%	29%	51%	48%	50%
2.8Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms34%30%41%56%56%2.9Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms7%8%12%10%10%	2.7		30%	20%	41%	33%	37%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 7% 8% 12% 10% 10%	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	34%	30%	41%	56%	56%
	2.9		7%	8%	12%	10%	10%
SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services		SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

### Belgium



BE

		Belgium	Previous results			rerages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	16%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,5	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	33%	31%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	47%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	69%	58%	77%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	11%	9%	17%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	157	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Belgium has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 57 (in 2009) to 61 (in 2010).
- In 2010 Belgium had the second lowest percentage of consumers (in the EU) who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers: only 19%. This figure is consistent with the results from previous years and it is lower than the EU27 and EU15 averages.
- Only 11% of consumers reported having encountered a problem when buying something, the second lowest percentage in the EU. This result is in line with the figures for 2009.
- The percentage of consumers who've made a complaint to a seller / provider was also low (second lowest in the EU) and reached 9%.

# Bulgaria



BG

Consumer Conditions Index  Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures  1 ENFORCEMENT  Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  1.2 consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive along the self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-			ЪС				
Consumer Conditions Index  Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures  Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive and advertisements / offers  1.2 consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers  1.3 advertisements / offers  Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers  Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers  Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  Percentage on electronic goods -% of sites which comply with EU consumer law  Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events -% of sites flagged for further investigation  PRODUCT SAFETY  1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications  Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.10 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  1.11 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation  Pe			Bulgaria				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures  27% 23% 13% 57% 4  ENFORCEMENT  Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer of consumer of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers  1.3 development of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers advertisements who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers  Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year 40% 29% NA 20% 3  Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year 51% 42% NA 25% 44  1.7 Sweep on electronic goods -% of sites which comply with EU consumer law Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation on online tickets for cultural & significant number of products are unsafe 28% 29% NA 15% 20% 11.10  Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 28% 29% 15% 20% 15% 1.11  Percentage of retailers who see products were checked by authorities 37% 57% 44% 22% 3% 3  1.13 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 16% 4% 2% 3% 30% 30% 3  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 16% 4% 2% 3% 30% 30% 3  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 16% 4% 2% 3% 30% 30% 3  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 16% 4% 2% 3% 30% 30% 3  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 16% 4% 2% 3% 30% 30% 3  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safe			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer   22%   38%   27%   62%   42%   20%   65%   52%   23%   43%   42%   17%   29%   34%   26%   20%   65%   52%   23%   43%   44%   26%   20%   65%   52%   23%   43%   44%   26%   20%   65%   52%   23%   43%   44%   26%   20%   65%   52%   23%   43%   44%   42%   17%   29%   34%   42%   17%   29%   42%   17%   29%   18%   11%   18%   1		Consumer Conditions Index	42	37	38	61	NA
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer   A2%   38%   27%   62%   4		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	27%	23%	13%	57%	43%
1.1   consumer	1						
1.2   consumer   34%   26%   20%   65%   5     Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive   46%   52%   23%   43%   4     1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   34%   42%   17%   29%   33     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   40%   29%   NA   20%   3     1.5   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   40%   29%   NA   20%   3     1.6   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   40%   29%   NA   20%   3     1.6   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   40%   NA   25%   4     1.7   Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law   100%   NA   NA   84%   NA   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for   40%   NA   NA   59%   NA   1.8   42%   NA   59%   NA   1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   28%   29%   15%   20%   2.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   28%   36%   25%   15%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   37%   57%   41%   27%   33%   31%   27%   41%   27%   33%   34%   24%   27%   33%   34%   24%	1.1		42%	38%	27%	62%	48%
1.3 advertisements / offers 1.4 Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers 1.5 Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers 1.5 made by competitors in the past year 1.6 Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year 1.6 Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year 1.7 Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law 1.8 Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for products are unsafe 1.8 further investigation 1.8 further investigation 1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications 192 122 89 NA NA 1.0 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.10 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.11 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.14 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.15 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.16 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 1.15 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.6% 1.8% 30% 30% 30% 3 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.6% 1.8% 30% 30% 30% 3 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.6% 1.8% 30% 30% 30% 3 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.6% 1.8% 30% 30% 30% 3 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.6% 1.8% 30% 30% 30% 3.0% 3.0% 3.0% 3.0% 3.0% 3	1.2	consumer	34%	26%	20%	65%	54%
Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  1.6 Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  1.7 Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law 100% NA NA 84% NA	1.3		46%	52%	23%	43%	41%
1.5 made by competitors in the past year	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	34%	42%	17%	29%	30%
1.6 advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year  1.7 Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law  Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation  1.8 Further investigation  PRODUCT SAFETY  1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications  1.10 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who aver eceived consumer complaints about the products they were selling were safe  1.16 Safety of their products  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.18 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 Percentage of ret	1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	40%	29%	NA	20%	37%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation  PRODUCT SAFETY  1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications 192 122 89 NA NA 1.00 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 28% 29% 15% 20% 2.00 1.10 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 28% 36% 25% 15% 1.11 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 37% 57% 41% 27% 3.0 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 4% 6% 7% 7% 6.0 1.14 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 4% 6% 7% 7% 6.0 1.14 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 28% 18% 30% 30% 3.0 1.0 1.15 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 9% 5% 8% 9% 1.0 1.16 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.18 for distant sales 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 18% 11% NA 26% NA 28% 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 18% 11% NA 26%	1.6		51%	42%	NA	25%	42%
1.8 further investigation 0% NA NA 59% N  PRODUCT SAFETY  1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications 192 122 89 NA NA 19  1.10 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 28% 29% 15% 20% 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications 192 122 89 NA 1.10 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.10 NA 26%	1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for	0%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  28% 18% 30% 30% 30% 3  28% 18% 30% 30% 30% 3  28% 9% 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 37% 57% 41% 27% 3 1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 4% 6% 7% 7% 6 1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the 1.15 products they were selling were safe Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the 1.16 safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION 1.17 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period 1.18 for distant sales 17% 0% NA 28% N 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	192	122	89	NA	NA
1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.18 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	28%	29%	15%	20%	24%
1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.15 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.18 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	28%	36%	25%	15%	16%
1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.8% 18% 30% 30% 30% 3  3.0% 30% 30% 30% 30% 3  3.0% 30% 30% 30% 3  4.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 O% NA 28% NA 28% NA 26% NA	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	37%	57%	41%	27%	38%
Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  28% 18% 30% 30% 3  8% 9% 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	6%	7%	7%	6%
1.15 products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	16%	4%	2%	3%	3%
1.16 safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales 17% 0% NA 28% N  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 18% 11% NA 26% N  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS	1.15		28%	18%	30%	30%	31%
1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 90% 94% 94% 82% 8  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 17% 0% NA 28% N  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 18% 11% NA 26% N  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS	1.16		9%	5%	8%	9%	10%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 NA 26%		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.18 for distant sales     17%     0%     NA     28%     N       1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product     18%     11%     NA     26%     N       2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT     COMPLAINTS     COMPLAINTS     COMPLAINTS     COMPLAINTS	1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	90%	94%	94%	82%	87%
2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS	1.18		17%	0%	NA	28%	NA
COMPLAINTS	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	18%	11%	NA	26%	NA
	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
		COMPLAINTS					
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 15% 17% 4% 13% 1	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	15%	17%	4%	13%	13%
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 52% 41% 71% 23% 4.	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	52%	41%	71%	23%	43%
2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 54% 39% 62% 52% 5.	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	54%	39%	62%	52%	52%
	2.4	complaint handling	68%	68%	78%	46%	60%
Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 31% 29% 14% 16% 2	2.5		31%	29%	14%	16%	22%
REDRESS		REDRESS					
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 2.6 sellers/providers through ADR 23% 16% 12% 48% 3	2.6		23%	16%	12%	48%	38%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 15% 12% 33% 2	2.7		19%	15%	12%	33%	20%
	2.8		44%			56%	54%
			16%				12%
SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services							

### Bulgaria



BG

		Bulgaria	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	19%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,0	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	37%	29%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	17%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	35%	31%	22%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-7%	-7%	-5%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	3	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Bulgaria has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 37 (in 2009) to 42 (in 2010).
- In Bulgaria, the sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer law.
- The percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures is the lowest in the EU. In a similar position is consumer trust in consumer organization and sellers / providers to respect their consumer rights. The trust in public authorities has a slightly better performance in the second last position.
- A large proportion of retailers have encountered advertisements / offers in the market which are either fraudulent (second highest percentage in the EU) or misleading / deceptive (highest percentage in the EU).
- The percentage of consumers who find it easy to use ADR mechanisms is the lowest in the EU.

# Cyprus



CY

		CY				
		Cyprus	Prev rest			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	54	49	59	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	44%	36%	52%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a	c=0.1			c=0./	100/
1.1	consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	65% 49%	54% 35%	73% 53%	62%	48% 54%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	48%	58%	29%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	40%	49%	24%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	30%	40%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	29%	39%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	50%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	178	103	44	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	32%	39%	29%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	26%	27%	21%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	56%	46%	47%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	7%	10%	17%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	32%	32%	12%	3%	3%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	44%	58%	54%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	11%	24%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period	86%	85%	67%	82%	87%
1.18	for distant sales	1%	1%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	14%	13%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	13%	15%	10%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	26%	23%	0%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	35%	47%	48%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	62%	46%	78%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	17%	19%	10%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	61%	52%	50%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	19%	20%	22%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	19%	33%	30%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	5%	7%	14%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

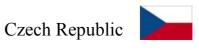
### Cyprus



CY

		Cyprus	Previous results			rerages 010
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	13%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of $0$ to $10$	5,4	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	45%	44%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	35%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	57%	55%	51%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-8%	1%	- 22%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{E}}$ per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	176	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Cyprus has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 49 (in 2009) to 54 (in 2010).
- In Cyprus, the sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all the sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer legislation.
- The percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall was the second highest in the EU (12%).
- Although as many as 86% of retailers claimed to be well informed about consumers legislation, only 1% of them managed to correctly identify the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales, the lowest percentage in the EU.
- The percentage of retailers who knew of ADR mechanisms was only 19%, the lowest in the EU.



CZ

		CZ				
		Czech Republic		rious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	52	48	50	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	47%	45%	48%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT	1770	1570	1070	2770	.570
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	50%	44%	44%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	51%	43%	49%	65%	54%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	50%	57%	55%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	37%	47%	41%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	37%	30%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	44%	42%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	90%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	27%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	13	32	30	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	15%	20%	15%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	9%	17%	22%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	25%	21%	22%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	5%	7%	5%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	12%	5%	9%	3%	3%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	27%	24%	22%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	4%	9%	3%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for	91%	86%	88%	82%	87%
1.18	distant sales	38%	28%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	54%	65%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	16%	11%	11%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	32%	47%	58%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	42%	56%	68%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	62%	69%	54%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	23%	20%	26%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	28%	33%	25%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	20%	25%	19%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	70%	52%	67%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	14%	11%	19%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

# Czech Republic



 $\mathbf{CZ}$ 

		Czech Republic	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	12%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,4	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	45%	39%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	29%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	51%	51%	62%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	0%	7%	18%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	56	NA	NA	NA	NA

- The Czech Republic has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 48 (in 2009) to 52 (in 2010).
- In the Czech Republic retailers seem to have good knowledge of consumer legislation. The percentage of retailers who knew the length of the legal period to return a defective product was 54%, the second highest level in the EU.
- The percentage of retailers who have received complaints about the safety of their products was only 4%, the lowest in the EU. This percentage has experienced a decrease from the previous year when it was 9%.

# Denmark



### DK

Denmark			DK	1			
Consumer Conditions Index			Denmark				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures   72%   68%   73%   57%   61%			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer who came across misleading or deceptive days and trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer who came across misleading or deceptive days and trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a develisments / offers and trust sellers / providers in the past year.    Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year.		Consumer Conditions Index	65	60	67	61	NA
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as   75%   70%   77%   62%   66%		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	72%	68%	73%	57%	61%
1.1   a consumer   Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as	1						
Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a varieties of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers and by competitors in the past year percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers and by competitors in the past year advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitors in the past year and offers made by competitive with the past year and offers made by competitive with the past year and offers made by competitive with the past year and offers made by competitive with the past year and offers made by competitive with the past year and past year and the past year and the past year and past year and past year and yea		·	7.50/	<b>5</b> 00/	<b>550</b> /	(20)	6607
Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive		Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as					
1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   33%   33%   28%   29%   29%   29%   1.5   made by competitors in the past year   1.6   23%   NA   20%   17%   2.6		Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive					
Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   16%   23%   NA   20%   17%				1			1
1.0		Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers					
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   NA	1.6		30%	28%	NA	25%	23%
1.8   further investigation	1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   35   32   9   NA   NA	1.8		100%	NA	NA	59%	NA
Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   15%   21%   19%   20%   19%   19%   1.11		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.10   unsafe   15%   21%   19%   20%   19%   19%   1.11     Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   12%   11%   7%   15	1.9		35	32	9	NA	NA
1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   25%   34%   34%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   4%   10%   14%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   13%   11%   13%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   28%   28%   35%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   13%   10%   30%   9%   8%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.17   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   43%   37%   NA   28%   NA     1.18   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   43%   37%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   43%   37%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of consumers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period   51%   52%   NA   26%   NA     2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   13%   14%   22%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   13%   14%   22%   23%   16%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   64%   58%   59%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   44%   16%   28%   16%   15%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   29%   19%   46%   33%   37%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   29%   19%   46%   33%   37%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts   29%   19%   46%   56%   56%	1.10		15%	21%	19%	20%	19%
1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of fetailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  Something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	12%	11%	7%	15%	15%
Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.14 recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.2 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 Consumers who the length of the "cooling-off" period for the provider  2.5 Semble of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  57% 56% 64% 56% 56%	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	25%	34%	34%	27%	26%
1.14   recall   13%   11%   13%   3%   2%	1.13		4%	10%	14%	7%	7%
1.15 products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.4 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.5 Sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who knew of ADR mechanisms  57%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%	1.14		13%	11%	13%	3%	2%
1.16   safety of their products   13%   10%   30%   9%   8%	1.15		28%	28%	35%	30%	30%
1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through Courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  57%  56%  64%  58%  59%  52%  NA  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  28%  18%  1	1.16		13%	10%	30%	9%	8%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 51% 52% NA 26% NA  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 13% 14% 22% 13% 13% 2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 9% 11% 21% 23% 16% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 64% 58% 59% 52% 52% 52% Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 74% 45% 38% 46% 42% Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 14% 16% 28% 16% 15% REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 57% 56% 64% 56% 56% 56% 56%		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.18 for distant sales  43% 37% NA 28% NA  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  51% 52% NA 26% NA  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.4 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Sellers/providers through courts  57% 56% 64% 56% 56% 56%	1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	79%	79%	63%	82%	81%
CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who know of SDR mechanisms		for distant sales					
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  57%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%		Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	51%	52%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  13%  14%  16%  22%  13%  14%  22%  13%  16%  28%  59%  52%  52%  52%  46%  42%  45%  38%  46%  42%  45%  38%  46%  42%  45%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%	2	_					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 9% 11% 21% 23% 16% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 64% 58% 59% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 74% 45% 38% 46% 42%  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 14% 16% 28% 16% 15%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 37% 31% 47% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 57% 56% 64% 56% 56%							
Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Something  14%  16%  28%  16%  15%  50%  19%  46%  33%  37%  37%	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider		14%	22%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms		1				23%	16%
2.4 complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	64%	58%	59%	52%	52%
2.5 something 14% 16% 28% 16% 15% REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 37% 31% 47% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 29% 19% 46% 33% 37% 2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 57% 56% 64% 56% 56%	2.4	complaint handling	74%	45%	38%	46%	42%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  57%  56%  64%  50%	2.5	something	14%	16%	28%	16%	15%
2.6 sellers/providers through ADR 37% 31% 47% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 29% 19% 46% 33% 37%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 57% 56% 64% 56% 56%							
2.7       sellers/providers through courts       29%       19%       46%       33%       37%         2.8       Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms       57%       56%       64%       56%       56%	2.6	sellers/providers through ADR	37%	31%	47%	48%	50%
	2.7		29%	19%	46%	33%	37%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 28% 20% 25% 10% 10%	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	57%	56%	64%	56%	56%
	2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	28%	20%	25%	10%	10%

#### Denmark



#### DK

		Denmark	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	20%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	5,6	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	42%	41%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	43%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	80%	80%	82%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	5%	10%	5%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in $\odot$ per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	410	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Denmark has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 60 (in 2009) to 65 (in 2010).
- In Denmark, ADR mechanisms are particularly popular with retailers. As many as 28% of them have used this form of dispute resolution, the highest percentage in the EU.
- The sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked complied with EU consumer legislation. However, the sweep focused on the online sale of tickets for cultural and sporting events revealed that all sites checked were flagged for further investigation.
- The comparability of offers of various services seems to be particularly challenging in the country, as the opinions of consumers for 11 services is the lowest in the EU.
- When not satisfied with the way their complaint was handled most consumers give up and take no further action (74% of consumers the second highest in the EU).

# Estonia



EE

Precision   Pre			EE				
Consumer Conditions Index			Estonia				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
ENFORCEMENT		Consumer Conditions Index	54	54	57	61	NA
ENFORCEMENT		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	43%	47%	50%	57%	43%
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer   56%   55%   62%   68%   6	1						
1.2   consumer	1.1	consumer	56%	52%	55%	62%	48%
1.3   advertisements / offers   43%   43%   33%   26%   29%   30%     1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers which comply with EU consumer law     Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law     Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation     PROBUCT SAFETY	1.2	consumer	64%	61%	68%	65%	54%
1.5   Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   37%   42%   NA   25%   42%   25%	1.3		43%	45%	37%	43%	41%
1.5   by competitors in the past year   28%   29%   NA   20%   37%     1.6   offers made by competitors in the past year   37%   42%   NA   25%   42%     1.7   Sweep on electronic goods -% of sites which comply with EU consumer law   90%   NA   NA   84%   NA     1.8   Sweep on olleit tokets for cultural & sporting events -% of sites flagged for further investigation   0%   NA   NA   84%   NA     1.8   Eventual of the past year   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.8   FRODUCT SAFETY   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   16   13   20   0.0   NA     1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   11%   13%   11%   20%   24%     1.11   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   29%   18%   28%   271%   38%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   29%   66%   13%   7%   69%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   66%   7%   3%   3%     1.15   Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   1.0   0.0   0.0     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.17   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.18   distant sales   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     1.18   distant sales   0.0	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	35%	33%	26%	29%	30%
1.6   Offers made by competitors in the past year	1.5		28%	29%	NA	20%	37%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   0%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   1.00   PRODUCT SAFETY   1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   16   13   20   NA   NA   NA   1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   11%   13%   11%   20%   24%	1.6		37%	42%	NA	25%	42%
1.8   further investigation   0%   NA   NA   59%   NA   PRODUCT SAFETY	1.7		90%	NA	NA	84%	NA
Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	1.8		0%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   11%   13%   11%   20%   24%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   3%   5%   10%   15%   16%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   29%   18%   28%   271%   38%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   2%   6%   13%   7%   6%     1.14   Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   6%   7%   3%   3%     1.15   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   6%   7%   3%   3%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who are received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   25%   22%   28%   30%   31%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   25%   22%   28%   30%   31%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation   94%   99%   7%   9%   10%     1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   94%   90%   91%   82%   87%     1.18   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   61%   0%   NA   28%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   20   20%   36%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   20%   20%   36%   47%   23%   43%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   10%   12%   8%   13%   13%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   69%   52%   59%   52%   52%     2.4   Consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling   70%   36%   47%   46%   60%     2.5   Semething   22%   21%   15%   16%   22%     REDRESS   22%   21%   15%   16%   22%     2.6   Sellers/providers through ADR   22%   22%   21%   15%   20%   33%     2.7   Sellers/providers through ADR   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%   22%		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   3%   5%   10%   15%   16%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   29%   18%   28%   271%   38%   1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   2%   6%   13%   7%   6%   1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   6%   7%   3%   3%   3%   Percentage of retailers who serve that any of the products   1.15   they were selling were safe   2.5%   2.2%   2.8%   30%   31%   3.1%   2.2%   2.2%   2.8%   30%   3.1%   2.3%   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   7%   9%   7%   9%   10%   1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   7%   9%   7%   9%   10%   1.16   Percentage of retailers who where well informed about consumer legislation   94%   90%   91%   82%   87%   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   1.18   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   1.18   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   1.2%   1.	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	16	13	20	NA	NA
1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   29%   18%   28%   271%   38%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   2%   6%   13%   7%   6%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   6%   7%   3%   3%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products   19%   6%   22%   28%   30%   31%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products   25%   22%   28%   30%   31%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   7%   9%   7%   9%   10%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   7%   9%   10%     RETAILERS awareness of consumers legislation   94%   90%   91%   82%   87%     Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   61%   0%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   42%   36%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   10%   12%   8%   13%   13%     2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   10%   12%   8%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   55%   43%   47%   23%   43%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   55%   43%   47%   23%   43%     Percentage of consumers who fold it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   27%   31%   33%   48%   38%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   27%   31%   33%   20%     2.8   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   27%   56%   54%   54%   56%   54%   54%   56%   56%   54%   54%   56%   56%   54%   56%   56%   54%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%   56%	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	11%	13%	11%	20%	24%
1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   2%   6%   13%   7%   6%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   6%   7%   3%   3%     1.15   Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   25%   22%   28%   30%   31%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   7%   9%   7%   9%   10%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   7%   9%   7%   9%   10%     1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   94%   90%   91%   82%   87%     1.18   Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   61%   0%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   42%   36%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   10%   12%   8%   13%   13%     2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   10%   12%   8%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   55%   43%   47%   23%   43%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   55%   43%   47%   23%   43%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   69%   52%   59%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something   22%   21%   15%   16%   22%     REDRESS   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   27%   31%   33%   48%   38%     Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms   59%   60%   47%   56%   54%     2.9   Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms   59%   60%   47%   56%   54%     2.9   Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms   59%   60%   47%   56%	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	3%	5%	10%	15%	16%
1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.19 Percentage of consumers who fielt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.1 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 48% 38%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12%  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	29%	18%	28%	271%	38%
Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of fetailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of or onsumers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	2%	6%	13%	7%	6%
1.15 they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.19 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complain, but didn't  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 20% 20% 24% 15% 16% 56% 54% 29 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12% 20% 33% 20% 20% 29 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12% 20% 33% 20% 20% 29 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12% 20% 34% 20% 20% 21% 15% 56% 54% 20% 20% 20% 21% 15% 56% 54% 20% 20% 20% 21% 15% 56% 54% 20% 20% 20% 21% 15% 56% 54% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	19%	6%	7%	3%	3%
1.16 of their products 7% 9% 7% 9% 10%  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 ONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 55% 43% 47% 23% 43%  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 69% 52% 59% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through Courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 59% 60% 47% 56% 54%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 16% 10% 6% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.15		25%	22%	28%	30%	31%
1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.0 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 6% 54%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.16		7%	9%	7%	9%	10%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.6 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  3.6 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.7 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  10% 12% 8% 13% 13%  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 55% 43% 47% 23% 43%  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 69% 52% 59% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 22% 21% 15% 16% 22%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  16% 12% 20% 33% 20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 59% 60% 47% 56% 54%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.17		94%	90%	91%	82%	87%
CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Defendance  10%  12%  8%  13%  13%  13%  47%  23%  43%  46%  60%  60%  60%  22%  21%  15%  16%  31%  33%  48%  38%  20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  59%  60%  47%  56%  54%  20%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10	1.18	distant sales	61%	0%	NA		NA
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	42%	36%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  8%  13%  13%  13%  23%  43%  47%  23%  48%  60%  60%  22%  21%  15%  16%  33%  48%  38%  20%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  6%  10%  12%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 55% 43% 47% 23% 43% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 69% 52% 59% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52% 52							
Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	12%	8%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	55%	43%	47%	23%	43%
2.4 complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  59% 60% 47% 56% 54% 56% 54% 56% 54%	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	69%	52%	59%	52%	52%
2.5 something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Description:  16%  12%  21%  15%  16%  22%  22%  21%  16%  31%  33%  48%  38%  20%  20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  59%  60%  47%  56%  54%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  6%  10%  12%	2.4	complaint handling	70%	36%	47%	46%	60%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  10%  10%  10%  10%	2.5		22%	21%	15%	16%	22%
2.6 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  16%  12%  20%  33%  48%  38%  20%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  59%  60%  47%  56%  54%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  16%  10%  6%  10%  10%		REDRESS					
2.7       sellers/providers through courts       16%       12%       20%       33%       20%         2.8       Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms       59%       60%       47%       56%       54%         2.9       Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms       16%       10%       6%       10%       12%	2.6		27%	31%	33%	48%	38%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 16% 10% 6% 10% 12%	2.7		16%	12%	20%	33%	20%
	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	59%	60%	47%	56%	54%
SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services	2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	16%	10%	6%	10%	12%
		SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Estonia



EE

		Estonia	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	12%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to $10$	7,7	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	37%	35%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	16%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	58%	57%	59%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	1%	4%	4%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	38	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Estonia had a stable Consumer Conditions Index: 54 (2009 and 2010).
- In Estonia, product safety seems to be effective. Only 2% of retailers had products which were recalled or withdrawn, the lowest percentage in the EU. When asked about the safety of their products, only 3% of retailers consider that a significant number of products are unsafe, the second lowest percentage in the EU.
- The comparability of offers of services seems to be quite good considering that consumers give the second highest mark on average for the eleven services monitored.
- As many as 69% of consumers are satisfied with complaint handling, the second highest percentage in the EU. At the same time, the percentage of those who did not complain despite having a reason to do so was 55%, the second largest in the EU.
- The environmental impact of purchases influenced only 16% of consumers, the second lowest percentage in the EU.

# Finland



FI

Previous   Previous			FI			•	
Consumer Conditions Index			Finland				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
ENFORCEMENT   Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a   73%   76%   81%   62%   66%   66%   78%   88%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   68		Consumer Conditions Index	66	67	70	61	NA
ENFORCEMENT   Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a   73%   76%   81%   62%   66%   66%   78%   88%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   66%   66%   78%   68%   65%   68		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	68%	72%	72%	57%	61%
1.1	1						
1.2   Consumer   76%   78%   88%   65%   68%     1.3   Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements offers   60%   61%   56%   43%   43%     1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across finudulent advertisements / offers   39%   30%   32%   29%     Percentage of retailers who came across finudulent advertisements / offers made   by competitors in the past year   32%   22%   NA   20%   17%     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   37%   26%   NA   25%   23%     1.7   Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law   100%   NA   NA   84%   NA     Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   PRODUCT SAFETY   19   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   98   58   61   NA   NA     1.10   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   15%   25%   15%   15%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   15%   25%   15%   15%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   20%   20%   20%     1.13   Percentage of retailers who been personally affected by a product recall   19%   12%   12%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who acraired out tests to make sure that any of the products   15%   18%   34%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety   17%   15%   21%   9%   8%     RETAILERS AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   17%   15%   21%   9%   8%     Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   26%   NA     20   Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   24%   16%   27%   16%   15%     20   Percentage of consumers who find it casy to resolve disputes with   25%   47%   47%   48%   50%     Percentage of consumers who fi	1.1	consumer	73%	76%	81%	62%	66%
1.3   advertisements / offers   60%   61%   56%   43%   43%   43%     1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers and     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year     Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year     Percentage of retailers who tage across from the past year     Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   100%   NA   NA   NA   84%   NA     PRODUCT SAFETY     Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   19%   19%   29%   15%   15%     Percentage of retailers who be products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   20%   27%   25%     Percentage of retailers who be products who been recalled or withdrawn   11%   8%   30%   7%   7%     Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   12%   12%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   25%   NA     Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   25%   NA     Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   25%   NA     Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   25%   15%     Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7%   NA   25%   15%     Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   20%   11%   15%   23%   13%   15%     Pe	1.2	consumer	76%	78%	88%	65%	68%
1.5   Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   1.7   Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law   100%   NA   NA   NA   84%   NA   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   100%   NA   NA   NA   S4%   NA   PRODUCT SAFETY   1.8   PRODUCT SAFETY   1.8   PRODUCT SAFETY   1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   98   58   61   NA   NA   1.10   Percentage of centailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   1%   2%   15%	1.3		60%	61%	56%	43%	43%
1.5   by competitors in the past year   32%   22%   NA   20%   17%	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	39%	30%	32%	29%	29%
1.6 offers made by competitors in the past year	1.5		32%	22%	NA	20%	17%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   100%   NA NA   59% NA   NA   PRODUCT SAFETY   19   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   98   58   61   NA   NA   NA   1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   3%   3%   3%   20%   19%   19%   1.11   Percentage of retailers who serious were checked by authorities   23%   22%   26%   27%   26%	1.6		37%	26%	NA	25%	23%
1.8   Further investigation	1.7		100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   98   58   61   NA   NA     1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   3%   3%   3%   20%   19%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   1%   2%   15%   15%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   26%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   11%   8%   30%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of retailers who arried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   31%   18%   34%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   31%   18%   34%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety   17%   15%   21%   9%   8%      RETAILERS AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   15%   21%   9%   8%     RETAILERS GO F CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.17   1.15%   2.1%   9%   8%   8.2%   8.1%     Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   44%   34%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   44%   34%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   44%   34%   NA   28%   NA     2.10   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   2.2%   7%   NA   2.6%   NA     2.20   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   2.0%   1.5%   2.3%   1.3%   1.3%     2.30   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   59%   6.2%   6.0%   5.2%   5.2%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   5.0%   3.1%   5.2%   4.6%   4.2%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   5.5%	1.8		100%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   1%   2%   15%   15%   15%   1.11   Percentage of retailers who see products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   20%   26%   27%   26%   27%   26%   2.13   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   20%   20%   26%   27%   26%   2.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   11%   8%   30%   7%   7%   7%   7%   1.14   Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   12%   12%   3%   2%   2%   20%		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   1%   1%   2%   15%   15%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   23%   20%   26%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   11%   8%   30%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall   19%   12%   12%   12%   3%   2%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products   18%   34%   30%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety   17%   15%   21%   99%   8%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   15%   21%   99%   8%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.18   1.18   1.19	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	98	58	61	NA	NA
1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  2.3% 20% 26% 27% 26%  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.15 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation  Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.17 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.0 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2. Percentage of consumers who made a complain to a seller / provider  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  40	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	3%	3%	3%	20%	19%
1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   11%   8%   30%   7%   7%	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	1%	1%	2%	15%	15%
1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who fielt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/provider shrough ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/provider shrough Consumers who know of ADR mechanisms  41% 37% 80% 56% 56% 56% 29 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  88% 4% 15% 10% 10% 10%	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	23%	20%	26%	27%	26%
Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who fielt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41% 37% 89% 56% 56%  47% 10% 10% 10%	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	11%	8%	30%	7%	7%
1.15 they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.11 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.12 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.3 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41% 37% 80% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56% 56	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	19%	12%	12%	3%	2%
1.16 of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period 1.18 for distant sales 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 22% 7% NA 26% NA  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complain handling Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying 2.5 something Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41% 37% 80% 56% 56% 56% 56% 59% Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  8% 4% 15% 10% 10%	1.15		31%	18%	34%	30%	30%
1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   R6%   73%   82%   82%   81%	1.16		17%	15%	21%	9%	8%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.2% 7% NA 26% NA  2. CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  3.0 A4% 15% 10% 10% 10%		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   22%   7% NA   26% NA		Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period					
CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  5							
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory  2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.7 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  50%  15%  23%  16%  23%  16%  23%  16%  24%  50%  50%  31%  52%  46%  42%  42%  42%  42%  42%  42%  4		<u> </u>	22%	7%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through Courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  56%  5	2						
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory  2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  56%  52%  46%  42%  42%  46%  42%  48%  50%  50%  28%  47%  47%  48%  50%  50%  28%  47%  47%  48%  50%  50%  28%  47%  47%  48%  50%  50%  50%  50%  50%  50%  47%  48%  50%  50%  60%  60%  60%  60%  60%  60							
2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  52%  52%  46%  42%  42%  16%  27%  16%  15%  50%  47%  48%  50%  50%  28%  17%  24%  33%  37%  28%  28%  17%  24%  33%  37%  28%  29 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  8%  4%  15%  10%  10%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  8% 4% 15% 10% 10%							
2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  56%  56%  56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  8%  4%  15%  10%  10%	2.3	•	59%	62%	60%	52%	52%
2.5 something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  40%  47%  48%  50%  28%  17%  24%  33%  37%  28%  41%  37%  80%  56%  56%  29 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  8%  4%  15%  10%	2.4	complaint handling	50%	31%	52%	46%	42%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 sellers/providers through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  48%  50%  28%  17%  24%  33%  37%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  41%  37%  80%  56%  56%  56%	2.5		24%	16%	27%	16%	15%
2.6sellers/providers through ADR55%47%48%50%Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts28%17%24%33%37%2.8Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms41%37%80%56%56%2.9Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms8%4%15%10%10%		REDRESS					
2.7       sellers/providers through courts       28%       17%       24%       33%       37%         2.8       Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms       41%       37%       80%       56%       56%         2.9       Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms       8%       4%       15%       10%       10%	2.6		55%	47%	47%	48%	50%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 8% 4% 15% 10% 10%	2.7		28%	17%	24%	33%	37%
	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	41%	37%	80%	56%	56%
SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services	2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	8%	4%	15%	10%	10%
		SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Finland



FI

		Finland	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	<b>EU27</b>	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	14%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,3	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	41%	32%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	38%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	70%	73%	76%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-3%	-4%	-5%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	130	NA	NA	NA	NA

- In Finland, only a small percentage of consumer and retailers consider that a significant number of products are unsafe: 3% of consumers and 1% of retailers, the lowest percentages in the EU.
- The sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer law. At the same time, the sweep on the online sale of tickets for cultural and sporting events revealed that all sites checked had to be flagged for further investigation.
- The prevalence of misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers seemed to be quite high given that as many as 60% of consumers (the highest percentage in the EU) came across these practices.
- As many as 20% of consumers (the highest percentage in the EU) made a complaint to a seller / provider. This was in line with the high percentage of consumers who encountered problems.

### France



FR

		FR				
		France		vious ults		verages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	59	59	58	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	47%	52%	40%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	55%	57%	48%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	66%	64%	61%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	41%	49%	39%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	22%	24%	19%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	11%	9%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	14%	12%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	81%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	95%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	119	76	51	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	28%	27%	24%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	21%	22%	15%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	32%	39%	74%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	16%	9%	34%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	14%	11%	8%	3%	2%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	30%	26%	51%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	6%	5%	6%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	65%	76%	66%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	63%	46%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	14%	13%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	13%	11%	11%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	20%	22%	21%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	49%	52%	30%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	42%	33%	66%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	16%	14%	14%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	52%	44%	46%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	36%	28%	30%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	26%	34%	66%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	5%	9%	23%	10%	10%
2.7	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services	J/0	7/0	23/0	10/0	10/0
	5 WITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### France



FR

		France	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	13%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,3	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	34%	30%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	39%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	77%	76%	76%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	22%	19%	28%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	74	NA	NA	NA	NA

- France had a stable Consumer Conditions Index: 59 (2009 and 2010).
- France has the lowest percentage of retailers (in the EU) who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors and the second lowest percentage of retailers (in the EU) who've seen fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors.
- The percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products was the second lowest in the EU (6%). At the same time, as many as 16% of retailers (the highest percentage in the EU) had their products recalled or withdrawn.
- Compared to other EU countries, a smaller percentage of French retailers consider themselves to be well informed about consumer legislation (lowest percentage in the EU). At the same time, the percentage of retailers who were able to correctly indicate the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales was the second highest in the EU.

# Germany



### DE

		DE				
		Germany		vious ults		verages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	63	57	59	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	69%	67%	61%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	65%	54%	58%	62%	66%
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	72%	66%	72%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	49%	64%	59%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	40%	54%	44%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	16%	20%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	22%	28%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	86%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	97%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	204	187	205	NA	NA
	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are					
1.10	unsafe	20%	31% 19%	16%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe			21%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	25%	29%	31%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	7% 16%	12%	27% 10%	7% 3%	7% 2%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	19%	24%	32%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	7%	6%	16%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	87%	84%	86%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	68%	55%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	44%	43%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	12%	13%	24%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	11%	11%	14%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	49%	59%	57%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	51%	39%	42%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	14%	14%	28%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	52%	37%	43%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	40%	25%	36%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	87%	73%	66%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	16%	12%	24%	10%	10%

### Germany



#### DE

		Germany	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	15%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,5	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	37%	39%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	27%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	75%	69%	74%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	10%	14%	16%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	1.269	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Germany has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 57 (in 2009) to 63 (in 2010).
- Germany has the highest percentage of retailers (in the EU) who know the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 68%. The share of retailers who know the length of the "cooling-off" period for distance sales has experienced and important increase since 2009 when it was 55%.
- Germany also has the highest percentage of retailers (in the EU) who are informed about alternative dispute resolution mechanisms 87%. In the past two years this has increased.

# Greece



EL

		EL				
		Greece	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	48	44	53	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	30%	29%	30%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT	3070	2570	2070	2770	0170
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	51%	44%	49%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	43%	40%	39%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	57%	68%	30%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	47%	51%	21%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	40%	44%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	42%	56%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	80%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	33%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	159	154	132	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	39%	47%	39%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	32%	38%	42%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	44%	25%	47%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	7%	6%	21%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	54%	46%	18%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	64%	56%	82%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	16%	13%	24%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	84%	82%	79%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	8%	3%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	14%	13%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	16%	15%	9%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	25%	29%	31%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	42%	39%	45%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	57%	72%	73%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	22%	21%	13%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	48%	41%	43%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	34%	28%	47%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	39%	65%	48%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	8%	4%	16%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Greece



 $\mathbf{EL}$ 

		Greece		Previous results		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	17%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,9	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	51%	48%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	55%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	52%	53%	55%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	1%	9%	6%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	20	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Greece has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 44 (in 2009) to 48 (in 2010).
- Greece has the highest percentage of consumers (in the EU) whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact -55%.
- Product safety seems to be an issue considering that the country has the second highest EU percentage of consumers (39%) and of retailers (32%) who think that a significant number of products are unsafe.
- These concerns appear to have affected retailers' behaviour: 64% of retailers (the highest percentage in the EU) have carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe.
- The percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall was the highest in the EU 54%.
- Only a small percentage of consumers feel adequately protected by existing measures

   30%, the second lowest in the EU. Trust in sellers / providers to respect consumer rights is also the second lowest in the EU.

# Hungary



HU

Consumer Conditions Index			HU				
Consumer Conditions Index			Hungary				
Percentage of consumers who fuel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
ENFORCEMENT		Consumer Conditions Index	57	53	56	61	NA
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as 1 a consumer   Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as 1 a devertisements / offers   Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive   1.3 advertisements / offers   1.4 Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive   1.5 A Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   Percentage of cetaliers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   1.5 Machine   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   1.6 advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   1.7 Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for   1.8 further investigation   1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   1.10 unsafe   1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are   1.12 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are   1.13 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are   1.14 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   1.15 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   1.16 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   1.17 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the   1.18 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product   1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   1.11 Percentage of of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   1.12 Percentage of consumers who have a complaint to a seller / provider   1.13 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems who buying   1.14 Percentage of consumers who have encountered probl		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	51%	48%	50%	57%	43%
1.1   a consumer   69%   58%   66%   62%   48%   48%   12	1	ENFORCEMENT		1			
1.2   a consumer	1.1	a consumer	69%	58%	66%	62%	48%
1.1   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   Asymptotic advertisements / offers   Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   Asymptotic advertisements / offers   Asymptotic ad	1.2	a consumer	61%	54%	57%	65%	54%
Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   36%   28%   NA   20%   37%		advertisements / offers					41%
1.5   made by competitors in the past year   36%   28%   NA   20%   37%	1.4		27%	37%	27%	29%	30%
1.6   advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   45%   43%   NA   25%   42%     1.7   Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law   80%   NA   NA   84%   NA     Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   100%   NA   NA   S9%   NA     PRODUCT SAFETY   19   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   191   119   129   NA   NA     PROPERTY   19   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   191   119   129   NA   NA     Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   18%   23%   22%   20%   24%     1.10   111   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   10%   13%   11%   15%   16%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   34%   25%   58%   27%   38%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   8%   7%   19%   7%   6%     Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product   10%   4%   15%   15%   17%     Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   19%   25%   44%   30%   31%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   9%   13%   15%   9%   10%     RETAILERS WARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   117   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period   10%   6%   NA   28%   NA	1.5		36%	28%	NA	20%	37%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation  PRODUCT SAFETY  1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unusafe 1.10 unsafe 1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.14 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.15 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.16 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product 10% 1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.18 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.19 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation 1.10 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation 1.11 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.12 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.13 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.14 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.15 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.16 Percentage of consumers who have received on the safety of their product 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	1.6		45%	43%	NA	25%	42%
1.8   further investigation   100%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   PRODUCT SAFETY	1.7		80%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   191   119   129   NA   NA   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   18%   23%   22%   20%   24%   24%   1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   10%   13%   11%   15%   16%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   34%   25%   58%   27%   38%   1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   8%   7%   19%   7%   6%   6%   Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product   10%   44%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%   15%   15%   15%   17%   11%   15%	1.8		100%	NA	NA	59%	NA
Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.10 unsafe  1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe  1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  3.4% 2.5% 58% 2.7% 38%  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.14 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2. CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.10   unsafe   18%   23%   22%   20%   24%   24%   24%   2.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   10%   13%   11%   15%   16%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   34%   25%   58%   27%   38%   27%   38%   1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   8%   7%   19%   7%   6%   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product   1.0%   4%   15%   15%   15%   17%   17%   1.15   percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the   1.15   percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products hey were selling were safe   19%   25%   44%   30%   31%   15%   99%   10%   RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.17   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   10%   6%   NA   28%   NA   1.19   Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   10%   6%   NA   28%   NA   1.19   Percentage of onsumers who have encountered provider   18%   17%   11%   13%   13%   13%   2.2   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   18%   17%   11%   13%   13%   2.3   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   56%   28%   16%   16%   22%   22%   Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something   26%   28%   16%   16%   22%   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   2.6   84%   40%   34%   48%   38%   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   2.6   84%   24%   34%   34%   22%   24%   25%   24%	1.9		191	119	129	NA	NA
1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product  1.14 recall  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.15 products they were selling were safe  1.16 safety of their products  1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.18 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of estailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.3 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.4 complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 Selve 16% 43% 46% 60% Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.10		18%	23%	22%	20%	24%
1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   2.0   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   10%   4%   15%   15%   17%   17%   11%   13%   13%   15%   15%   17%   11%   13%   13%   13%   13%   15%   10%   1	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	10%	13%	11%	15%	16%
Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.14 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period  1.18 for distant sales  10% 88% 92% 82% 87%  Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	34%	25%	58%	27%	38%
1.14   recall   10%   4%   15%   15%   17%   17%   17%   175   1	1.13		8%	7%	19%	7%	6%
1.15   products they were selling were safe   19%   25%   44%   30%   31%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   9%   13%   15%   9%   10%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   90%   88%   92%   82%   87%     Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales   10%   6%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   8%   5%   NA   26%   NA     2   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   2.1   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   18%   17%   11%   13%   13%     2.2   Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't   32%   38%   31%   23%   43%     2.3   Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling   53%   61%   39%   52%   52%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling   56%   56%   43%   46%   60%     Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying   26%   28%   16%   16%   22%     REDRESS   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with   Percentage of consumer	1.14		10%	4%	15%	15%	17%
1.16   safety of their products   9%   13%   15%   9%   10%	1.15		19%	25%	44%	30%	31%
1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   90%   88%   92%   82%   87%	1.16		9%	13%	15%	9%	10%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory  2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.17		90%	88%	92%	82%	87%
2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory  2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.18	for distant sales	10%	6%	NA	28%	NA
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.8 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.9 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	8%	5%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory  2.5 Something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying  2.5 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		COMPLAINTS					
2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying 26%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	18%	17%	11%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying 26% 28% 16% 16% 22%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	32%	38%	31%	23%	43%
2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying 2.5 something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying 26%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 2.6 sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	53%	61%	39%	52%	52%
2.5 something 26% 28% 16% 16% 22%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.4	complaint handling	56%	56%	43%	46%	60%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying	26%	28%	16%	16%	22%
2.6 sellers/providers through ADR 46% 40% 34% 48% 38%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		REDRESS					
	2.6		46%	40%	34%	48%	38%
7.0 10.0 20.0 20.0	2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	9%	15%	18%	33%	20%
		Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	75%	59%			54%
			7%	8%	7%		12%

### Hungary



#### HU

		Hungary	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	16%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,1	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	24%	30%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	44%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	67%	59%	66%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-2%	2%	0%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	107	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Hungary has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 53 (in 2009) to 57 (in 2010).
- Hungary has the second highest EU percentage of consumers who have made a complaint to a seller / provider (18%), which could be interpreted as a sign of high consumer empowerment. This situation is in line with the percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 26%, EU second highest.
- Resolving disputes through courts is considered to be easy by only 9% of consumers, the lowest percentage in the EU.
- Product recalls only affected 10% of consumers, the second lowest percentage in the EU.
- The sweep on the online sale of tickets for cultural and sporting events revealed that all sites checked were flagged for further investigation.

# Ireland



IE

		<u>IE</u>				
		Ireland	Previous results			verages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	72	67	63	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	79%	69%	56%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT	1270	0770	3070	3770	0170
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	80%	68%	57%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	83%	74%	58%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	45%	50%	24%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	32%	33%	15%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	19%	15%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	27%	26%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	67%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	50%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	23	20	23	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	9%	9%	9%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	5%	6%	6%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	21%	12%	26%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	9%	5%	13%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	13%	11%	6%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	45%	33%	46%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	4%	11%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	85%	80%	78%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	9%	5%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	6%	1%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	8%	13%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	23%	10%	19%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	43%	49%	56%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	43%	44%	59%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	13%	9%	16%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	68%	52%	36%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	49%	40%	31%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	78%	77%	56%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	20%	10%	14%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Ireland



IE

		Ireland	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	17%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,0	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	56%	54%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	32%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	83%	75%	64%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	3%	7%	7%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	14	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Ireland has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 67 (in 2009) to 72 (in 2010).
- Ireland has the second highest EU percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures (79%). Trust in consumer organizations to protect their rights is the highest in the EU (83%) while trust in public authorities comes second highest in the EU (80%).
- Only 6% of retailers were able to correctly indicate the legal period to return a defective product, the second lowest in the EU.
- The percentages of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes through ADR (68%) and through courts (49%) are the highest and the second highest respectively in the EU. The percentages of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms (78%) or who have used them (20%) are the second highest in the EU.
- The percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story was the highest in the EU (56%).

Italy



IT

		11				
		Italy	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	<b>EU27</b>	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	66	52	49	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	61%	48%	39%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	70%	55%	43%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	58%	41%	36%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	25%	47%	29%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	10%	20%	16%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	12%	21%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	15%	30%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	94%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	83%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	88	33	38	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	20%	27%	28%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	21%	21%	37%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	23%	26%	40%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	6%	3%	22%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	6%	4%	16%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	33%	19%	28%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	13%	15%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	77%	84%	66%	82%	81%
	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	6%	6%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	34%	29%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	6%	9%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	13%	32%	47%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	62%	41%	48%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	28%	41%	46%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	12%	9%	17%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	46%	30%	27%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	35%	20%	31%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	31%	42%	91%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	3%	4%	27%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services	270	. / 0	2,70	10/0	10/0
	o in the control of t					

Italy



IT

		Italy	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	15%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,7	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	55%	55%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	36%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	70%	60%	51%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	1%	5%	8%	6%	7%
	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	58	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Italy has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 52 (in 2009) to 66 (in 2010).
- In Italy the prevalence of unfair commercial practices seems to be quite limited considering that it has the lowest EU percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers (25%) or fraudulent advertisements / offers (10%). The situation seems to be confirmed by retailers, of which only 15% came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors (EU second lowest).
- Product recall affected only 6% of consumers, the lowest percentage in the EU. The percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling was 28% (the lowest in the EU) which can be interpreted as a sign of increased consumer empowerment.
- ADR mechanisms do not seem to be very popular with retailers, as only 3% of them have used these tools (the lowest percentage in the EU).
- The percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story was 55% (EU second highest).

### Latvia



### LV

		LV				
		Latvia		vious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	54	49	54	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	38%	31%	35%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT	3070	3170	3370	3770	1370
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	57%	40%	59%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements	65%	56%	55%	65%	54%
1.3	/ offers	32%	33%	27%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	23%	21%	17%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	30%	22%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	26%	21%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	82%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - $\%$ of sites flagged for further investigation	75%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	28	16	13	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	32%	36%	28%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	17%	17%	32%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	43%	34%	52%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	7%	3%	11%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	19%	5%	6%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	25%	15%	45%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	13%	8%	35%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for	88%	84%	81%	82%	87%
1.18	distant sales	23%	35%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	33%	29%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	11%	13%	5%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	50%	41%	38%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	63%	51%	39%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	71%	43%	70%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	22%	21%	8%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	24%	22%	32%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	19%	18%	26%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	60%	54%	88%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	12%	3%	13%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					

#### Latvia



#### LV

		Latvia	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	19%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,4	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	35%	30%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	25%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	61%	51%	58%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	4%	11%	-1%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Latvia has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 49 (in 2009) to 54 (in 2010).
- In Latvia, only 32% of consumers came across misleading or deceptive advertisements, which is the second lowest percentage among EU Member States.
- The percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers / providers through ADR is only 24%, the second lowest in the EU.

### Lithuania



LT

		LI				
		Lithuania		Previous results		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	49	44	48	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	33%	30%	25%	57%	43%
	ENFORCEMENT	3370	2070	2070	2770	1570
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	37%	25%	37%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	45%	42%	35%	65%	54%
	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	35%	37%	24%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	28%	29%	20%	29%	30%
	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	43%	46%	NA	20%	37%
	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	47%	51%	NA	25%	42%
	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	40%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	44	27	35	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	32%	31%	27%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	17%	14%	16%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	34%	30%	55%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	6%	6%	27%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	25%	7%	7%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	24%	31%	31%	30%	31%
	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	26%	31%	35%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	84%	69%	75%	82%	87%
	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	3%	10%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	13%	17%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	12%	6%	6%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	43%	53%	45%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	62%	62%	49%	52%	52%
	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	64%	49%	66%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	21%	14%	11%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	33%	24%	23%	48%	38%
	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	18%	12%	17%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	48%	53%	75%	56%	54%
	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	12%	5%	16%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Lithuania



LT

		Lithuania	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	<b>EU27</b>	<b>EU12</b>
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	21%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	8,0	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	42%	34%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	18%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	49%	43%	42%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	13%	18%	5%	6%	4%
	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in $\in$ per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	9	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Lithuania has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 44 (in 2009) to 49 (in 2010).
- Lithuania has the lowest EU percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers (28%).
- The sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer law.
- Trust in public authorities to protect the rights of consumers is reported by only 37% of consumers, the lowest EU percentage.
- The percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products (26%) was the highest in the EU.
- Switching levels and comparability of offers were in the first position in the EU ranking.

# Luxembourg



LU

		LU				
		Luxembourg	Prev rest			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	70	68	63	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	71%	74%	60%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	78%	75%	60%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	85%	76%	73%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	41%	44%	29%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	31%	31%	14%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	15%	15%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	17%	17%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	33%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	83%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	5	1	0	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	9%	11%	9%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	16%	11%	5%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	20%	31%	73%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	3%	45%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	18%	15%	14%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	17%	20%	56%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	11%	2%	20%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period	84%	91%	56%	82%	81%
1.18	for distant sales	22%	12%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	45%	21%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	8%	8%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	6%	10%	38%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	69%	56%	45%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	34%	46%	40%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	11%	9%	13%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	52%	53%	48%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	35%	31%	19%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	45%	43%	43%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	10%	7%	19%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					
	GI. G					

### Luxembourg



LU

		Luxembourg	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	12%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,7	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	28%	27%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	37%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	75%	70%	69%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-3%	-5%	9%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	2.112	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Luxembourg has experienced a slight increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 68 (in 2009) to 70 (in 2010).
- Luxembourg has the highest EU percentage of retailers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as consumers (85%).
- The percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling was 69%, the highest in the EU.
- Consumer empowerment seems to be high considering that only 6% of consumers did not complain despite having a reason to do so.

### Malta



MT

		NI I				
		Malta	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	58	54	61	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	49%	43%	52%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	69%	62%	65%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements /	49%	45%	58%	65%	54%
1.3	offers	39%	45%	25%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	20%	25%	21%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	18%	33%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	33%	37%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	70%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	83%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	19	14	1	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	15%	20%	8%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	4%	7%	6%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	63%	41%	47%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	7%	8%	15%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	11%	8%	7%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	38%	35%	44%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	21%	11%	11%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for	96%	82%	76%	82%	87%
1.18	distant sales	10%	24%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	10%	26%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	15%	15%	17%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	17%	22%	6%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	32%	49%	44%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	47%	59%	44%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	18%	20%	18%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	34%	33%	31%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	20%	15%	17%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	75%	51%	89%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	5%	16%	32%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					
			_		_	

#### Malta



**MT** 

		Malta	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	8%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	5,7	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	43%	39%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	48%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	66%	62%	64%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-4%	0%	-1%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	9	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Malta has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 54 (in 2009) to 58 (in 2010).
- Malta has the second highest EU percentage of retailers who answered that they were well informed about consumer legislation (96%).
- As many as 21% of retailers (EU second highest) received consumer complaints about the safety of their products.
- Authorities checked the products of 63% of retailers, the second highest percentage in the EU.
- Only 32% of consumers were satisfied with complaint handling, the lowest percentage in the EU.
- Comparability of offers of services is ranked in the second lowest position in the EU.

## Netherlands



NL

		NL				
		Netherlands		vious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	66	61	64	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	69%	64%	74%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT			, , , ,		0.270
	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a					
1.1	consumer	68%	63%	69%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	77%	67%	77%	65%	68%
1.3	advertisements / offers	46%	55%	69%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	28%	35%	50%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	10%	12%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	21%	26%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	38%	NA	NA	84%	NA
	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for					
1.8	further investigation	100%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	38	73	33	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	6%	10%	4%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	7%	5%	8%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	38%	32%	44%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	13%	16%	23%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	15%	9%	10%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	32%	33%	37%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	16%	12%	15%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	82%	82%	73%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	10%	13%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	13%	9%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	12%	7%	25%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	13%	13%	14%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	56%	51%	54%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	51%	31%	53%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	14%	8%	29%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	51%	39%	57%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	34%	27%	40%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	46%	59%	37%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	7%	13%	11%	10%	10%
2.7	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services	770	13/0	11/0	10/0	1070
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

#### Netherlands



NL

		Netherlands	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	<b>EU27</b>	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	15%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,6	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	36%	27%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	39%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	76%	74%	87%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	9%	11%	18%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	26	NA	NA	NA	NA

- The Netherlands has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 61 (in 2009) to 66 (in 2010).
- Netherlands has the lowest EU percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers (10%).
- The sweep on the electronic sale of tickets for cultural and sporting events revealed that all sites checked were flagged for further investigation.
- Only 6% of consumers consider that a significant number of products are unsafe, the second lowest percentage in the EU.
- The percentage of retailers whose products were recalled or withdraws was 13%, the second highest in the EU.

## Poland



PL

		PL				
		Poland		vious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	55	45	54	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	49%	41%	45%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT	1970	1170	1570	3170	1570
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	45%	37%	39%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	58%	48%	49%	65%	54%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	37%	58%	44%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	31%	49%	28%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	40%	32%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	35%	39%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	70%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	100%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	68	102	114	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	17%	25%	16%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	13%	15%	20%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	28%	24%	44%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	6%	4%	10%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	22%	7%	5%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	37%	35%	51%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	7%	8%	7%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	75%	75%	66%	82%	87%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	10%	11%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	28%	28%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	12%	14%	16%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	40%	44%	16%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	55%	48%	60%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	56%	59%	55%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	20%	25%	19%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	43%	33%	35%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	21%	18%	22%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	43%	48%	66%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	7%	7%	16%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					
	<u> </u>					

### Poland



PL

		Poland	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	20%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to $10$	7,0	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	38%	39%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	27%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	55%	48%	51%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	10%	12%	12%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	11	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Poland has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 45 (in 2009) to 55 (in 2010).
- In Poland, the sweep on the online sale of tickets for cultural and sporting events revealed that all sites checked were flagged for further investigation. In the EU, on average, 59% of sites checked were flagged for further investigation.

# Portugal



PT

Parting   Part			<u> PI</u>				
Consumer Conditions Index			Portugal				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
ENFORCEMENT		Consumer Conditions Index	57	55	50	61	NA
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a   55%   55%   55%   39%   62%   66%		Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	53%	53%	35%	57%	61%
1.1   consumer	1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.2   consumer	1.1	consumer	55%	58%	39%	62%	66%
1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   20%   36%   16%   29%	1.2	consumer	53%	46%	39%	65%	68%
1.5   Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   27%   29%   NA   20%   17%	1.3		34%	52%	27%	43%	43%
1.5   made by competitors in the past year   27%   29%   NA   20%   17%	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	20%	36%	16%	29%	29%
1.6   Offers made by competitors in the past year   28%   40%   NA   25%   23%	1.5		27%	29%	NA	20%	17%
1.8   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   15%   NA   NA   59%   NA	1.6		28%	40%	NA	25%	23%
1.18	1.7		100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9 Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications 39 33 17 NA NA 1.10 Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.7% 27% 17% 20% 19% 1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.12% 14% 16% 15% 15% 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.14% 20% 48% 27% 26% 1.15% Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.14 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.15 Products device a serious received consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.16 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation 1.18 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.11 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.12 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.14 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.15 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 1.18 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 1.24 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 1.25 Something 1.26 Sellers/providers through ADR 1.27 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.28 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.29 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.29 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.29 Pe	1.8		15%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   17%   27%   17%   20%   19%		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11 Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe 1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.14 Percentage of retailers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 1.16 Of their products they were selling were safe 1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.18 For entage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 1.19 Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.11 Percentage of consumers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.12 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.13 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.14 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.15 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint handling 1.16 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 1.14 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 1.15 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 1.16 Percentage of consumers who find it ea	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	39	33	17	NA	NA
1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities 1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn 1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall 1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe 1.16 of their products 1.17 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products 1.18 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 1.19 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint handling 1.10 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling 1.10 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 1.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.11 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.12 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.12 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.12 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 1.12 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	17%	27%	17%	20%	19%
1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  1.26 38% 4% 15% 15%  1.15 Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.18 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a reason to complain, but didn't  1.10 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.10 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.20 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  1.20 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.2 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.3 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	12%	14%	16%	15%	15%
1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products they make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers with sellers/providers with sellers/pro	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	14%	20%	48%	27%	26%
Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	5%	20%	7%	7%
1.15 products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  2% 4% NA 28% NA  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.2% 23% 13% 23% 16%  Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complain, but didn't  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	12%	3%	4%	15%	15%
1.16 of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  1.10 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.1 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.3 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory something  2.5 Something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.8 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	1.15		12%	38%	40%	30%	30%
1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 for distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  1.19 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  1.10 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  1.19 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  1.10 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.10 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.10 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.10 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.10 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	1.16		20%	12%	16%	9%	8%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  19% 35% NA 26% NA  20 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  10% 10% 5% 13% 13% 13% 13% 12.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 16% 17% 38% 23% 16% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 53% 65% 54% 52% 52% Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with		Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period			79%		81%
2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 10% 10% 5% 13% 13% 2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 16% 17% 38% 23% 16% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 53% 65% 54% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 2.5 something Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with					NA		NA
COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  10% 10% 5% 13% 13%  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  16% 17% 38% 23% 16%  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 53% 65% 54% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	19%	35%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  38% 23% 16%  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  53% 65% 54% 52% 52%  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  2.7 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  38% 23% 16%  52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  32% 32% 19% 48% 50%  10% 15% 10% 15%  10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%		COMPLAINTS					
Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	10%	10%	5%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	16%	17%	38%	23%	16%
2.4 complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	53%	65%	54%	52%	52%
2.5 something 12% 12% 8% 16% 15%  REDRESS 12% 12% 8% 16% 15%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 32% 32% 19% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 32% 32% 19% 48% 50%	2.4	complaint handling	48%	41%	48%	46%	42%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 32% 32% 19% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with	2.5		12%	12%	8%	16%	15%
2.6 sellers/providers through ADR 32% 32% 19% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with 50%		REDRESS					
	2.6	j j	32%	32%	19%	48%	50%
	2.7		15%	13%	14%	33%	37%
2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 62% 69% 78% 56% 56%	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	62%	69%	78%	56%	56%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 8% 10% 19% 10% 10%	2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	8%	10%	19%	10%	10%
SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services		SWITCHING average for multiple goods and services					

### Portugal



PT

		Portugal	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	<b>EU27</b>	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	20%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of $0 \text{ to } 10$	6,4	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	24%	31%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	40%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	64%	68%	46%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	9%	10%	7%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in $\ensuremath{\varepsilon}$ per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	2	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Portugal has experienced a slight increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 55 (in 2009) to 57 (in 2010).
- In Portugal, the sweep on electronic goods has revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer law.
- Only 12% of retailers carried out checks to make sure that the products which they were selling were safe, the lowest in the EU. 14% of retailers had their products checked by authorities.
- On average, as many as 20% of consumers switched their provider of tariff of various services (the second highest EU percentage).

### Romania



RO

		KU	1		1	
		Romania		Previous results		verages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	46	44	44	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	34%	42%	31%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT		1			
	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a					
1.1	consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as	44%	47%	36%	62%	48%
1.2	a consumer	48%	48%	34%	65%	54%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	400/	420/	270/	420/	410/
1.3	advertisements / offers	40%	42%	27%	43% 29%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	23%	21%	13%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	35%	33%	NA	20%	37%
	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive					
1.6	advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	48%	38%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	70%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.0	PRODUCT SAFETY	/0/6	INA	INA	39/0	INA
1.0		20	0	4	NIA	NIA
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications  Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are	20	0	4	NA	NA
1.10	unsafe	44%	44%	38%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	37%	47%	15%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	65%	61%	65%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	8%	14%	16%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	13%	6%	7%	15%	17%
1.17	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the	1370	070	770	1370	1770
1.15	products they were selling were safe	42%	50%	50%	30%	31%
	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the					
1.16	safety of their products	13%	19%	15%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	90%	90%	84%	82%	87%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	5%	4%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	19%	22%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT	1270	2270	1111	2070	1111
_	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	9%	6%	6%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	57%	74%	63%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	46%	44%	56%	52%	52%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory	1070	1170	20/0	32/0	22/0
2.4	complaint handling	56%	54%	84%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying	200/	220/	1.60/	1.60/	220/
2.5	something	20%	22%	16%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	44%	43%	29%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	28%	29%	22%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	42%	43%	49%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms		6%	14%	10%	12%
2.9	references of fetaliers who have used ADK mechanisms	15%	0%	1470	10%	1470

#### Romania



RO

		Romania	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	20%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,4	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	43%	43%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	15%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	45%	45%	33%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	2%	-2%	-3%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	3	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Romania has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 44 (in 2009) to 46 (in 2010).
- In Romania, the sweep on electronic goods revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer legislation.
- The authorities checked the products of 65% of retailers, the highest percentage in the EU.
- The percentages of consumers (44%) and retailers (37%) who think that a significant number of products are unsafe are the highest in the EU.
- Misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers were encountered by 48% of retailers, the second highest in the EU.
- Only 9% of consumers made a complaint to a seller / provider, the lowest percentage in the EU. The percentage of consumers who did not complain despite having a reason to do so was 57%, the highest in the EU.
- The environmental impact of purchases influenced only 15% of consumers, the lowest in the EU.
- Trust in consumer organizations to protect the rights of consumers is the second lowest in the EU.

## Slovakia



SK

		SK				
		Slovakia		rious ults		verages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	53	51	50	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	51%	48%	41%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a					
1.1	consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a	48%	47%	47%	62%	48%
1.2	consumer  Percentage of consumers who trust seriers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	57%	54%	54%	65%	54%
1.3	advertisements / offers	47%	55%	46%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	36%	37%	37%	29%	30%
	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers					
1.5	made by competitors in the past year	30%	31%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	28%	37%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	NA	NA	NA	84%	NA
	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for					
1.8	further investigation	60%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	62	87	140	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	16%	20%	28%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	11%	14%	23%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	27%	21%	47%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	11%	11%	15%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	14%	4%	7%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	21%	23%	44%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	7%	6%	5%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	96%	96%	86%	82%	87%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	11%	16%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	73%	72%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	13%	15%	14%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	38%	29%	44%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	62%	58%	80%	52%	52%
	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory	/				
2.4	complaint handling	75%	64%	57%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	21%	21%	25%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	25%	22%	17%	48%	38%
	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with					
2.7	sellers/providers through courts	16%	14%	14%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	70%	42%	65%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	12%	8%	17%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					

#### Slovakia



#### SK

		Slovakia		rious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	14%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,1	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	36%	37%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	27%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	47%	47%	49%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-1%	0%	2%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	23	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Slovakia has experienced a slight increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 51 (in 2009) to 53 (in 2010).
- Slovakia has the highest EU percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 96%.
- 73% of retailers correctly identified the length of the legal period for returning a defective product, the highest EU percentage.
- The percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling was 75%, the highest in the EU.

## Slovenia



SI

		<u>S1</u>				
		Slovenia		vious ults		erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
	Consumer Conditions Index	54	53	57	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	39%	39%	45%	57%	43%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	43%	44%	41%	62%	48%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	71%	65%	61%	65%	54%
1.3	advertisements / offers	46%	48%	43%	43%	41%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	33%	39%	28%	29%	30%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	35%	34%	NA	20%	37%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	42%	49%	NA	25%	42%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	100%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	0%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 – serious risk notifications	20	8	27	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	21%	27%	12%	20%	24%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	13%	11%	7%	15%	16%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	21%	18%	48%	27%	38%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	5%	17%	7%	6%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	25%	4%	5%	15%	17%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	33%	22%	45%	30%	31%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	6%	15%	9%	10%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period	84%	88%	88%	82%	87%
1.18	for distant sales	8%	9%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	12%	13%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	11%	10%	13%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	22%	28%	35%	23%	43%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	57%	50%	73%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	66%	51%	72%	46%	60%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	14%	14%	20%	16%	22%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	32%	38%	40%	48%	38%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	15%	12%	20%	33%	20%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	73%	64%	82%	56%	54%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	14%	7%	26%	10%	12%
	SWITCHING – average for multiple goods and services					

#### Slovenia



SI

		Slovenia	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU12
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	11%	NA	NA	16%	18%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	7,5	NA	NA	6,7	7,1
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	38%	35%	NA	41%	38%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	48%	NA	NA	32%	26%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	54%	58%	55%	69%	52%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	11%	14%	14%	6%	4%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations – (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	183	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Slovenia has experienced a slight increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 53 (in 2009) to 54 (in 2010).
- In Slovenia, the sweep on electronic goods revealed that, after the follow-up enforcement actions taken by authorities, all sites checked were in compliance with EU consumer legislation.
- The environmental impact of purchases had an impact on 48% of consumers, the second highest in the EU.
- The percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with seller / providers through courts is 15%, the second lowest in the EU.
- On average, 11% of consumers have switched provider or tariff for 11 services, the second lowest in the EU.

# Spain



ES

Previous			ES				
Consumer Conditions Index			Spain				
Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures			2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
ENFORCEMENT		Consumer Conditions Index	53	49	55	61	NA
ENFORCEMENT			44%	41%	53%	57%	61%
Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a   2 consumer   2 consumer   37%   52%   61%   66%   66%   66%   1.2 consumer   2 consumer   37%   52%   63%   65%   68%	1						
1.2   Consumer		Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	57%	52%	61%	62%	66%
1.4   Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers   40%   42%   23%   29%   29%	1.2	consumer	57%	52%	63%	65%	68%
Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year   29%   27%   NA   20%   17%	1.3		60%	69%	40%	43%	43%
1.5   competitors in the past year   29%   27%   NA   20%   17%	1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	40%	42%	23%	29%	29%
1.6   Offers made by competitors in the past year   29%   31%   NA   25%   23%   23%   Sweep on electronic goods -% of sites which comply with EU consumer law   65%   NA   NA   84%   NA   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events -% of sites flagged for further investigation   70%   NA   NA   59%   NA   Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events -% of sites flagged for further investigation   70%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   1.00   PORTON   PRODUCT SAFETY   1.00   PORTON   1.00	1.5		29%	27%	NA	20%	17%
Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation   70%   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   NA   59%   NA   NA   17%	1.6		29%	31%	NA	25%	23%
1.8   investigation	1.7		65%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.9   Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications   146   220   163   NA   NA     1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   20%   28%   9%   20%   19%     1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   14%   17%   17%   15%   15%     1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   35%   37%   52%   27%   26%     1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   3%   4%   17%   7%   7%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   18%   4%   7%   15%   15%     1.15   they were selling were safe   26%   21%   54%   30%   30%     Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of they were selling were safe   26%   21%   54%   30%   30%     RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   28%   88%   82%   81%     Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   86%   85%   88%   82%   81%     Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for 18%   33%   NA   28%   NA     1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for 18%   34%   29%   NA   26%   NA     1.20   CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT   2.20   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   14%   10%   11%   13%   13%     2.21   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   14%   10%   14%   45%   23%   15%     2.22   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint   18%   14%   45%   23%   15%     Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint   18%   28%   29%   48%   50%     Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers   25%   15%   23%   33%   33%   37%   28%   29%   48%   50%   28%   29%   48%   50%   28%   29%   48%   50%   28%   28%   29%   48%   50%   28%   28%   29	1.8		70%	NA	NA	59%	NA
1.10   Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   14%   17%   17%   15%   15%   15%   1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   14%   17%   17%   15%   15%   15%   15%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   35%   37%   52%   27%   26%   26%   1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   3%   4%   17%   7%   7%   7%   7%   1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   18%   4%   7%   15%   15%   15%   Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products   26%   21%   54%   30%   30%   30%   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products   RETAILERS AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   1.16   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   86%   85%   88%   82%   81%   Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for 11%   3%   NA   28%   NA   1.19   Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product   34%   29%   NA   26%   NA   2.20   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   14%   10%   11%   13%   13%   2.20   Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider   14%   10%   11%   13%   13%   2.20   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint   18%   14%   45%   23%   16%   Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint   18%   14%   45%   23%   16%   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR   Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers   25%   15%   23%   33%   37%   23%   23%   23%   33%   37%   23%   23%   23%   33%   37%   23%		PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.11   Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe   14%   17%   17%   17%   15%   15%   1.12   Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities   35%   37%   52%   27%   26%   2.14   2.25%   2.27%   2.26%   2.14   2.25%   2.27%   2.26%   2.14   2.25%   2.27%   2.26%   2.14   2.25%   2.27%   2.26%   2.2	1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	146	220	163	NA	NA
1.12 Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities  35% 37% 52% 27% 26%  1.13 Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn  3% 4% 17% 7% 7%  1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  18% 4% 7% 15% 15%  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products when their products who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products of their products who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products who have received consumer legislation  1.16 Percentage of retailers who have received consumer legislation  1.17 Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distance sellers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.1 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  34% 29% NA 26% NA  2.2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  14% 10% 11% 13% 13% 13% 13% 12% 12% 29% Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint, but didn't 18% 14% 45% 23% 16% 22% 16% 22% Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 34% 28% 39% 52% 52% 52% 16% 16% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 12% 20% 16% 15% 15% 15% 23% 33% 37% 37% 15% 15% 23% 33% 37% 37% 15% 15% 23% 15% 23% 15% 23% 16% 23% 15% 23%	1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	20%	28%	9%	20%	19%
1.13   Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn   3%   4%   17%   7%   7%     1.14   Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall   18%   4%   7%   15%   15%     1.15   Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe   26%   21%   54%   30%   30%     1.16   Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products when their products   7%   9%   13%   9%   8%     RETAILERS AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION   20%   21%   24	1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	14%	17%	17%	15%	15%
1.14 Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall  Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.1 Percentage of retailers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  13% Pow 19% 19% 19% 10% 10% 10%	1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	35%	37%	52%	27%	26%
Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation Percentage of retailers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.10 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.11 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.12 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  34% 28% 39% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  3.10 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  1.17 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  3.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  3.10 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  3.11 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  3.12 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR	1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	3%	4%	17%	7%	7%
1.15 they were selling were safe  26% 21% 54% 30% 30%  Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1 % 86% 85% 88% 82% 81%  Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  13% 99% 19% 10% 10% 10%	1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	18%	4%	7%	15%	15%
1.16 their products 77% 9% 13% 9% 8%  RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION  1.17 Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation 86% 85% 88% 82% 81%  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales 11% 3% NA 28% NA 1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product 34% 29% NA 26% NA  2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider 14% 10% 11% 13% 13% 13% 2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't 18% 14% 45% 23% 16% 2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling 34% 28% 39% 52% 52% 52% Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint 33% 42% 44% 46% 42% 42% 2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 17% 12% 20% 16% 15% REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR 28% 52% 15% 23% 33% 37% 2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 68% 52% 71% 56% 56% 2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	1.15		26%	21%	54%	30%	30%
1.17   Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation   R6%   R5%   R8%   R2%   R1%	1.16		7%	9%	13%	9%	8%
Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales  1.18 distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.2 CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  3.8 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  3.0 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms		RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.18 distant sales  1.19 Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.1 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.2 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	1.17		86%	85%	88%	82%	81%
CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT  COMPLAINTS  2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  14% 10% 11% 13% 13%  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  18% 14% 45% 23% 16%  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 handling  Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68% 52% 71% 56% 56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	1.18		1%	3%	NA	28%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  34% 28% 39% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 handling  3.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  2.6 REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  48% 52% 71% 56% 56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	34%	29%	NA	26%	NA
2.1 Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider  2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  34%  28%  39%  52%  52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 handling  33%  42%  44%  46%  42%  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68%  52%  71%  56%  56%  50%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13%  9%  19%  10%  10%	2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
2.2 Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't  2.3 Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  34% 28% 39% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  3.3% 42% 44% 46% 42%  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68% 52% 71% 56% 56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10% 10%		COMPLAINTS					
Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling  2.4 Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  3.4% 28% 39% 52% 52%  Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  3.5% 42% 44% 46% 42%  3.6% Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 17% 12% 20% 16% 15%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  3.8% 28% 29% 48% 50%  3.8% 33% 37%  3.8% 50% 50% 50%  3.8% 52% 71% 56% 56%  3.8% 52% 71% 56% 56%  3.8% 52% 71% 56% 56%	2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	14%	10%	11%	13%	13%
Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling  2.4 handling  33% 42% 44% 46% 42%  2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something  17% 12% 20% 16% 15%  REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68% 52% 71% 56% 56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	18%	14%	45%	23%	16%
2.4 handling 33% 42% 44% 46% 42% 2.5 Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something 17% 12% 20% 16% 15%  REDRESS 38% 28% 29% 48% 50%  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts 2.7 through courts 25% 15% 23% 33% 37%  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms 68% 52% 71% 56% 56% 2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	34%	28%	39%	52%	52%
REDRESS  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68%  52%  71%  56%  56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13%  9%  19%  10%	2.4		33%	42%	44%	46%	42%
Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR  Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts  2.7 through courts  2.8 Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms  68% 52% 71% 56% 56%  2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms  13% 9% 19% 10%	2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	17%	12%	20%	16%	15%
2.6through ADR38%28%29%48%50%Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts25%15%23%33%37%2.8Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms68%52%71%56%56%2.9Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms13%9%19%10%		REDRESS					
2.7       through courts       25%       15%       23%       33%       37%         2.8       Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms       68%       52%       71%       56%       56%         2.9       Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms       13%       9%       19%       10%       10%	2.6		38%	28%	29%	48%	50%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	2.7		25%	15%	23%	33%	37%
2.9 Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms 13% 9% 19% 10% 10%	2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	68%	52%	71%	56%	56%
	2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	13%	9%	19%	10%	10%
		SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					

### Spain



ES

		Spain	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	20%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	6,6	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	39%	36%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	32%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	64%	61%	63%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	7%	9%	2%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Spain has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 49 (in 2009) to 53 (in 2010).
- In Spain, only 3% of retailers had their products recalled or withdrawn (the second lowest percentage in the EU).
- 60% of consumers came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers (second highest in the EU).
- Only 1% of retailers knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales (the second lowest in the EU).
- The percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling was 34%, the second lowest in the EU.
- 33% of consumers took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling, second lowest in the EU.

### Sweden



SE

		SE				
		Sweden	Previous results			
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	62	58	65	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	61%	61%	70%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	74%	66%	76%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer	74%	68%	77%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	35%	44%	63%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	50%	53%	46%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	22%	16%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	28%	33%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	94%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - $\%$ of sites flagged for further investigation	88%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	27	29	38	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	20%	22%	15%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	13%	6%	5%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	33%	29%	56%	27%	26%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	6%	20%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	15%	14%	17%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	23%	16%	39%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	9%	13%	23%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation	75%	86%	85%	82%	81%
1.18	Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for distant sales	22%	29%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	27%	37%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	16%	13%	34%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	10%	14%	13%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	68%	60%	63%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	51%	43%	68%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	18%	16%	39%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	34%	27%	45%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	20%	10%	31%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	25%	37%	75%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	4%	3%	26%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					
			•		•	

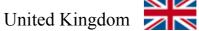
#### Sweden



SE

		Sweden	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	18%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to 10	5,9	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	36%	35%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	43%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	68%	66%	77%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-6%	-1%	1%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in € per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	83	NA	NA	NA	NA

- Sweden has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 58 (in 2009) to 62 (in 2010).
- Sweden has the second highest EU percentage of consumes who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers (50%).
- The percentage of retailers who answered that they were well informed about consumer legislation was 75%, the second lowest in the EU.
- The percentage of retailers who used ADR mechanisms is the second lowest in the EU (4%). A similar ranking is occupied by the percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms (25%).





### UK

		UK				
		United Kingdom	Previous results			erages
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
	Consumer Conditions Index	74	68	67	61	NA
	Percentage of consumers who feel adequately protected by existing measures	80%	78%	66%	57%	61%
1	ENFORCEMENT					
1.1	Percentage of consumers who trust public authorities to protect their rights as a consumer	82%	70%	67%	62%	66%
1.2	Percentage of consumers who trust sellers / providers to respect their rights as a consumer  Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive	84%	78%	77%	65%	68%
1.3	Percentage of consumers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers	38%	43%	42%	43%	43%
1.4	Percentage of consumers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers	23%	25%	24%	29%	29%
1.5	Percentage of retailers who came across fraudulent advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	15%	10%	NA	20%	17%
1.6	Percentage of retailers who came across misleading or deceptive advertisements / offers made by competitors in the past year	23%	23%	NA	25%	23%
1.7	Sweep on electronic goods - % of sites which comply with EU consumer law	86%	NA	NA	84%	NA
1.8	Sweep on online tickets for cultural & sporting events - % of sites flagged for further investigation	30%	NA	NA	59%	NA
	PRODUCT SAFETY					
1.9	Number of RAPEX notifications under article 12 - serious risk notifications	88	104	87	NA	NA
1.10	Percentage of consumers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	11%	9%	8%	20%	19%
1.11	Percentage of retailers who think a significant number of products are unsafe	7%	5%	7%	15%	15%
1.12	Percentage of retailers whose products were checked by authorities	14%	16%	30%	21%	20%
1.13	Percentage of retailers whose products have been recalled or withdrawn	4%	5%	15%	7%	7%
1.14	Percentage of consumers who have been personally affected by a product recall	13%	13%	9%	15%	15%
1.15	Percentage of retailers who carried out tests to make sure that any of the products they were selling were safe	46%	36%	58%	30%	30%
1.16	Percentage of retailers who have received consumer complaints about the safety of their products	6%	4%	11%	9%	8%
	RETAILERS' AWARENESS OF CONSUMER LEGISLATION					
1.17	Percentage of retailers who were well informed about consumer legislation  Percentage of distance sellers who knew the length of the "cooling-off" period for	81%	79%	74%	82%	81%
1.18	distant sales	8%	8%	NA	28%	NA
1.19	Percentage of retailers who knew the legal period to return a defective product	4%	7%	NA	26%	NA
2	CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT					
	COMPLAINTS					
2.1	Percentage of consumers who made a complaint to a seller / provider	13%	8%	24%	13%	13%
2.2	Percentage of consumers who felt they had a reason to complain, but didn't	17%	16%	11%	23%	16%
2.3	Percentage of consumers who were satisfied with complaint handling	61%	46%	46%	52%	52%
2.4	Percentage of consumers who took no further action after unsatisfactory complaint handling	35%	54%	49%	46%	42%
2.5	Percentage of consumers who have encountered problems when buying something	16%	9%	27%	16%	15%
	REDRESS					
2.6	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through ADR	67%	55%	52%	48%	50%
2.7	Percentage of consumers who find it easy to resolve disputes with sellers/providers through courts	51%	29%	40%	33%	37%
2.8	Percentage of retailers who know of ADR mechanisms	53%	70%	69%	56%	56%
2.9	Percentage of retailers who have used ADR mechanisms	9%	12%	19%	10%	10%
	SWITCHING - average for multiple goods and services					





#### UK

		United Kingdom	Previous results		EU averages 2010	
		2010	2009	2008	EU27	EU15
2.10	Percentage of consumers who switched service provider or tariff (11 services)	18%	NA	NA	16%	16%
2.11	Consumer opinions about the comparability of offers (11 services) on a scale of 0 to $10$	7,1	NA	NA	6,7	6,6
	MEDIA					
2.12	Percentage of consumers who have changed their behaviour as a result of a media story	47%	41%	NA	41%	41%
	SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION					
2.13	Percentage of consumers whose purchases were influenced by their environmental impact	26%	NA	NA	32%	34%
	CONSUMER ORGANISATIONS & INFORMATION					
2.14	Percentage of consumers who trust consumer organisations to protect their rights as a consumer	80%	75%	71%	69%	73%
2.15	Difference between trust in consumer organisations and trust in public authorities	-2%	5%	4%	6%	7%
2.16	National public funding to consumer organisations - (in $\ensuremath{\varepsilon}$ per 1000 inhabitants) total executed in 2010	93	NA	NA	NA	NA

- The United Kingdom has experienced an increase in its Consumer Conditions Index, from 68 (in 2009) to 74 (in 2010).
- Most consumers in the United Kingdom (as many as 80% of them, the highest percentage in the EU) considered themselves to be adequately protected by the existing measures. UK also has the highest percentages in the EU of consumers who trust public authorities and consumer organizations to protect their rights as consumers (82% and 80% respectively). Trust in sellers / providers comes second in the EU and it's shared by 84% of consumers.
- The percentage of retailers who carried out tests to check the safety of their products was 46%, the second highest in the EU.
- When it comes knowing the legal period for returning a defective product only 4% of retailers can indicate the answer correctly, the lowest percentage in the EU.
- More consumers consider that dispute resolution is easy. The highest percentage of consumers in the EU (51%) finds it easy to resolve disputes through courts. The second highest percentage of consumers in the EU (67%) finds it easy to resolve disputes through ADR.
- The authorities checked the products of 14% of retailers, the lowest percentage in the EU.

## ANNEX: LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Percentage of consumers, at least 1 cross-border purchase	8
Figure 2: Percentage of retailers, sales to at least one other EU country	8
Figure 3: Percentage of individuals who ordered goods or services, over the internet for	
	10
Figure 4: Percentage of internet users who ordered goods or services, over the internet, for	
private use, in the last year	10
Figure 5: Use of Internet for retail – percentage of consumers (2010)	
Figure 6: Use of Internet for retail – percentage of retailers (2010)	
Figure 7: Domestic and cross-border internet purchases (2010) – percentage of total	
	12
Figure 8: Domestic and cross-border purchases by consumers with internet at home (%)	
Figure 9: Percentage of individuals who ordered goods or services over the internet from	
other EU countries	13
Figure 10: Levels of EU consumers' confidence (%)	
Figure 11: ECC and CPC cross-border complaints and information requests	
Figure 12: Percentage of consumers who know where to get information and advice	
Figure 13: CPC and ECC cross-border cases by market 2010	
Figure 14: Number of normal complaints and disputes as consumer ECC and as trader ECC	
(2010)	
Figure 15: correlation between the percentage who made purchase cross-border and those	10
who complained through the ECC network	10
Figure 17: Consumer Conditions Index yealing	
Figure 19: Consumer Conditions Index - value	
Figure 18: Consumer Conditions Index – evolution	
Figure 19: Consumers' feelings about adequate consumer protection and trust (%)	
Figure 20: Consumer and retailer perceptions towards compliance with consumer legislation	
	25
Figure 21: Consumers and retailers coming across misleading or fraudulent advertisements	25
	25
Figure 22: Consumer and retailer experiences with misleading advertisement (%)	26
Figure 23: Retailers subjected to a general inspection and found in breach of consumer	2.0
legislation (%)	26
Figure 24: Media reporting on breaches of consumer legislation (%)	27
Figure 25: Compliance monitoring with consumer legislation (%)	
Figure 26: Consumers' and retailers' views on product safety (%)	
Figure 27: Consumers' and retailers' views on food safety (%)	28
Figure 28: Consumers experiences with food and non-food product recalls (%)	
Figure 29: Enforcement and market surveillance in the field of product safety (%)	
Figure 30: Non-food safety inspections by public authorities (%)	
Figure 31: Compliance monitoring with product safety legislation (%)	
Figure 32: Compliance monitoring with food safety legislation (%)	31
Figure 33: Economic enforcement indicators	
Figure 34: Product safety enforcement indicators	35
Figure 35: Percentage of consumers who encountered problems and complained	37
Figure 36: Satisfaction with complaint handling	
Figure 37: Actions taken by consumers after their complaints were not dealt with in a	
satisfactory manner	38

Figure 38: Percentage of people who agree that it is easy to resolve disputes with	
sellers/providers through ADR mechanisms	39
Figure 39: Retailers' knowledge and use of ADR mechanisms	39
Figure 40: Retailers' preference for type of redress mechanisms	40
Figure 41: GDP at market prices and household and NPISH expenditures in EU 27	
(real % changes on previous period, 2009Q1-2010Q3, seasonally adjusted)	41
Figure 42: GDP at market prices, household and NPISH expenditures and adjusted gross	
disposable income of households per capita by Member State (real % changes on previous	
period, 2009)	42
Figure 43: Real adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita by Member State	е
(Purchasing Power Standards, 2009)	43
Figure 44: Material Deprivation Rate	