# Outlook 2011: Ecommerce 

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Mobile commerce was supposed to take off like a rocket by the end of 2010. But it seems most multichannel merchants missed the mobile flight, judging from the results of MCM's Outlook 2011 research initiative.

Nearly three quarters (74.1\%) of the total respondents are not using mobile commerce this year. That's a slight improvement from the $79.4 \%$ who were not involved in m-commerce in 2010, but not much of one.

You might think it's the smallest respondent companies who are not mobile, but that's not necessarily the case. Nearly $70 \%$ of the largest respondents aren't in m-commerce either.

Why are merchants dragging their heels on m-commerce? It could be that many do not think their customers have gone mobile.

## THOSE NOT USING MOBILE COMMERCE BY COMPANY SIZE:

Sales of less than \$1 million ............................ 75\%
Sales $\$ 1$ million-\$9.9 million ........................... $86 \%$
Sales \$10 million-\$50 million ......................... 69\%
Sales of more than $\$ 50$ million
68\%

How are you using mobile commerce?



But their web analytics might show merchants that more customers are shopping via mobile devices such as iPhones, iPads, Blackberrys and Androids than they thought. That was the case with Century Novelty.

The party supplies merchant didn't think mcommerce would be worth the return on investment, since its average price point is about \$1. But when its analytics revealed last year that as of the summer, about $\$ 20,000$ in transactions had been generated via mobile devices, Century Novelty launched a mobile site in September 2010.

Given the surprisingly low mobile penetration, it's no surprise that just $9 \%$ of the total respondents are using QR codes. That's a shame, because these barcodes that work with mobile devices would be a great way for catalogers to bridge the gap between the print and web channels.

But a few more respondents are investing in apps to help consumers with their mobile shopping experience. Last year just $6.1 \%$ of respondents said that they had an iPhone app, compared to $14.9 \%$ of respondents in 2011.



What's more, $10.5 \%$ this year said they had an app for Android, 7.9\% had one for Blackberrys and 7\% for iPads.

## Web bells and whistles

Merchants are evolving their ecommerce sites to meet the expectations of Web 2.0 customers with rich media. The percentage of survey respondents not using rich media fell from $38.1 \%$ in 2010 to $26.2 \%$ this year.

Use of alternate views increased the most, from $20.5 \%$ last year to $33.6 \%$ in 2011, while product visualization tools went up from $17.7 \%$ in 2010 to $26.9 \%$ this year.

The percentage of respondents using zoom went up from 19.1\% a year ago to $28.6 \%$. Only widgets are less popular this year: Use of them fell from $14 \%$ of respondents last year to $8 \%$ in 2011.

This may be because merchants are focusing on the rich media elements that will improve the consumers' shopping experience and make it easier for them to make a purchase decision. Or perhaps more respondents are putting the
resources they might have used for widgets into mobile apps.

## User-generated content

Merchants also stepped up their implementation of user-generated content. The percentage of respondents that do not have user-generated content on their sites fell from $27.6 \%$ in 2010 to $20.8 \%$ this year.

What types of user-generated content are most popular? Blog comments saw the biggest increase, from $17.5 \%$ in 2010 to $37.5 \%$ this year, while customer reviews/ratings went up from $43.8 \%$ to $56.7 \%$. Integrating share this/Facebook/tweet this
increased from $31.8 \%$ to $41.7 \%$.
Meanwhile, surveys and polls fell from $27.6 \%$ in 2010 to $20 \%$ this year, while use of forums tumbled from $24.4 \%$ to $12.5 \%$. Some merchants may be finding these functions take too much time to manage and they deliver only a minimal payoff.

## Redesign time

About the same percentage of respondents as last year (65\%) said they are planning a website redesign in the next 12 months.

The top three objectives are to update or refresh the look of the site, which $57 \%$ this year said was a key

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Top goals of website redesigns


Totals do not equal $100 \%$ due to multiple answers

What functions do you plan to add to your website in the next 12 months?


## Which of the following are you tracking specifically with your SEO and PPC efforts?



Totals do not equal $100 \%$ due to multiple answers
reason for redesigning, followed by making navigation easier (52.7\%) and improving SEO (48.4\%).

Of course the ultimate objective of a site redesign is to boost online sales, and that is typically the result. Men's apparel merchant Jos. A. Bank launched a redesigned website in late 2009. The new site's enhancements, which include real-time inventory, zoom and better cross-selling capability, make the online shopping experience more like being in-store.

The efforts paid off: Jos. A. Bank's online revenue is up $20 \%$, with double-digit increases in average order size and conversion rates.

## Search strategies

Where are merchants putting their money when it comes to search? Respondents this year spent an average of $35 \%$ on pay-per-click, $27 \%$ on search engine optimization and $18 \%$ on search marketing.

As for what they are tracking specifically with SEO and PPC, more are keeping tabs on the percentage of customers that are new-to-file ( $49.1 \%$ this year vs. $41 \%$ in 2010) and more are looking at offline purchases ( $23.3 \%$ vs. $18.4 \%$ last year).

But those tracking customer lifetime value with SEO and PPC fell from $34 \%$ last year to $24.1 \%$ in 2011.


About the same percentage are following bounce (40.5\%), shopping cart abandonment (35.5\%) and conversion rates ( $65.5 \%$ ) as last year.

## Payments and security

Site security is a big concern for many consumers, and it can be a stumbling block to placing an order online. That's no doubt why the
plurality of respondents (62.7\%) are using some sort of third-party security trustmark on their site.

Of those respondents, 85.3\% are using an SSL security trustmark, $21.3 \%$ include a hacker-free trustmark and $21.3 \%$ have a trustmark from the Better Business Bureau.

As alternative payment methods become more mainstream, one might expect to see some growth in
their use. But that doesn't seem to be the case here.

For instance, the respondents who said they offer PayPal as a payment method fell from $46.3 \%$ last year to $37 \%$ in 2011 . The merchants offering Bill Me Later decreased from 14\% in 2010 to $4.2 \%$ this year.

What's more, the respondents who do not offer an alternative pay-

IN WHICH SOCIAL
MEDIA OUTLETS DOES YOUR COMPANY MAINTAIN AN ACTIVE PRESENCE?

|  | 2010 | 2011 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Facebook | $70 \%$ | $78 \%$ |
| Twitter | $57 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| MySpace | $12 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| LinkedIn | $33 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| YouTube | $30 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| Flickr | $5 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| Niche network | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| Company blog | $29 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| None | $19 \%$ | $16 \%$ |



How satisfied are you with the effectiveness of your company's social media efforts?

ment method increased from $42.1 \%$ in 2010 to $53.8 \%$ this year. One reason could be the economy-in 2009, consumers were using their credit cards less and making more same-as-cash type payments.

## The most valuable strategies

In terms of rating online strategies, email is the most valuable: On a scale of 1 to 10 (with 10 being the most valuable) email had a mean 8.3, up from a 7.9 last year. The next most valuable strategy was SEO, with a mean 7.6.

The lowest rated online strategy? That would be marketing to shopping cart abandoners, with a mean rating of 4.1 -down from a 4.32 last year. It's shocking how low this effective tactic is rated, but then $60.9 \%$ of merchants said they do not market to shopping cart abandoners.

Social media is the third most valuable online strategy with a mean 6.0, up from a 5.8 last year. Still, it seems social media is not as satisfying as it was a year ago.

In rating their satisfaction with their company's social media efforts, the percentage who are extremely satisfied fell from $11.7 \%$ to $8.8 \%$. Those who are somewhat satisfied slipped from $62.2 \%$ to $52.6 \%$.

Meanwhile, the survey respondents who are not very satisfied with social media increased, from $19.1 \%$ in 2010 to $28.1 \%$ this year, and the percentage who are not at all satis-
fied crept up from $6.9 \%$ to $10.5 \%$.
Why is satisfaction with social media slipping? It could be because more ( $70.8 \%$ ) say their company is using it to try to prospect for new customers than to engage conversation with consumers ( $67.3 \%$ ).

Nearly $60 \%$ (58.4\%) are using social media to monitor what consumers are saying about their brand, $35.4 \%$ to announce offline offerings and $29.2 \%$ to distribute coupon codes.

Another reason respondents are a bit more antisocial: Merchants may not have been realistic in their expectations of what social media would do for their business, or how much time it takes to manage.

## METHODOLOGY

On December 9, 2010, an email invitation was sent out from the editor of Mulichannel Merchant to subscribers to the print publication. As an incentive to participate, survey respondents were offered the opportunity to win one of four \$50 Amazon gift certificates. Subsequent mailings were sent to subscribers of the Multichannel Merchant MCM Weekly, I-Merchant and 0+F Advisor e-newsletters, as well as to select members of the American Catalog Mailers Association and of the Networking \& Education for Direct Marketers (NEMOA) trade organization.

By February 15, 2011, the closing date of the survey, 753 responses had been received. Of those, 597 (79.3\%) indicated that their company marketed products directly to consumers and/or businesses through a print catalog and/or e-commerce website. Those active respondents form the basis of the survey results.


